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WONDERFUL FACTORY

COMPLICATED PROCESSES CARRIED ON IN MAN'S BODY.

Fourteen Elements Constantly Occupied in the Intricate Work of the Physical System.

You will probably be surprised, said a well-known professor of chemistry, when I tell you that the most beautiful woman or the most intellectual man that ever lived is really nothing more than animated white of egg; and yet it is perfectly true that, if you only knew how to do it, you could take a few hundreds of eggs—you would want, well, over 1,000, by the way—and manufacture a second Shakespeare or a Helen of Troy from them.

Unfortunately—or fortunately, rather—although the materials of which man is composed are common enough, the blending of them to form a living being is far beyond any human powers. But let us just run through the constituents we are made of and see of what very ordinary materials the best and cleverest of us are composed.

If we take a 188-pound man and deprive him of gas and carbon there will be only five pounds of him left; while even the least oratorical man that ever lived is five-sixths gas and nothing else. Well may it be said: "We are such stuff as dreams are made of," for truly we are just as insubstantial.

In our subject we shall find no less than 118 pounds of oxygen; he contains as much, in fact, of this "vital gas" as would fill a room 13 feet long, ten feet wide and a shade over ten feet high. If we proceed next to deprive him of his hydrogen he will only lose a little over 15 pounds of his weight by the process, but the gas we procure will fill a room more than twice the size of our oxygen reservoir; for it will be 15 feet square and as nearly as possible 12 feet high, and will have such buoyancy that it could carry our patient up to the clouds.

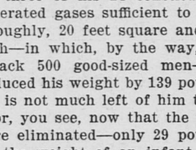
Another essential gas is nitrogen, of which our man has 64 cubic feet stowed away in his body—sufficient to fill a nice little box four feet long, wide and high. We have now deprived our man of three of his 14 constituents; have liberated gases sufficient to fill a room, roughly, 20 feet square and ten feet high—in which, by the way, you could pack 500 good-sized men—and have reduced his weight by 139 pounds.

There is not much left of him to account for, you see, now that the three gases are eliminated—only 29 pounds, in fact, the weight of an infant—and of this a single other constituent takes the lion's share of 24 pounds. This constituent is carbon, that curious element which takes such widely diverse forms as common coal and the Koh-i-noor, and is not to be despised in the lead pencil. Just as coal keeps our houses warm and gives motive power to the steam engine, so it supplies energy and fuel to the human body.

We have now only five pounds of our man to account for, and this is distributed over nine most useful constituents. Two and a quarter pounds, nearly half of it, consist of calcium, which will be more commonly recognized as lime, and which plays a very important part in the human mechanism; and to this we must add one pound 14 ounces of phosphorus. The remaining constituents of our man only weigh one pound one ounce, and consist of sodium, sulphur, fluorine, chlorine, magnesium, potassium and silicon; while in weight they range from two to three grains to four and one-half ounces.

Naturally, these 14 elements form combinations in the body in order to discharge their duties properly. Thus oxygen and hydrogen combine to form in our subject 107.5 pounds of water, which serves an infinite number of most necessary and useful offices. The chlorine and sodium unite to form salt, of which we shall find about seven ounces; and the sodium combines with carbon and oxygen to form the "washing soda" which has been called the scavenger of the body, and which fills in its time by playing a useful part in building up our bones.

The body is indeed a most wonderful factory, carrying on a number of useful and complicated processes at the same time. Thus it makes really first-class soap by the hundredweight for its own use, and glycerin, too, as a by-product; it manufactures sugar from starch, and it makes gum, pepsin, alcohol and other products more wonderful still.

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SACRAMENTO, CAL.
American and European Plan under new management
Enlarged and modernized. 160 new up-to-date rooms with heat; hot and cold water. Elevator and Fire Escapes. One block from Capitol Park and places of amusement. Board & Room $1.25 to $2.00 per day. Meals 25c.
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"3 DAY" MALARIA CURE"
DESTROYS FEVER GERMS
Stops Chills at Once
One dose stops aching bones and hot and chilly sensations, gives an appetite and renews ambition. Positive, quick and harmless cure for Malaria, Ague, and Chills and Fever in Three Days. Druggist will show you testimonials and circular around the bottle.
Francis S. Ott, Sacramento, Cal.
Sold by all Druggists. 75c

Is It You?

Some one's selfish; some one's lazy;
Is it you?
Some one's sense of right is hazy;
Is it you?
Some one lives a life of ease,
Doing largely as he please,
Drifting idly with the breeze—
Is it you?

Some one hopes success will find him;
Is it you?
Some one proudly looks behind him;
Is it you?
Some one full of good advise
Seems to think it rather nice
In a "has been's" paradise—
Is it you?

Some one trusts to luck for winning;
Is it you?
Some one craves a new beginning;
Is it you?
Some one says, "I never had
Such a chance as Jone's lad."
Some one's likwise quite a cad—
Is it you?

Some one's terribly mistaken;
Is it you?
Some one sadly will awaken;
Is it you?
Some one's working on the plan
That a masterful "I can"
Doesn't help to make the man—
Is it you?

Some one yet may "make a killing,"
And it's you.
Some one needs but to be willing,
And it's you.
Some one better set his jaw,
Cease to be a man of straw,
Get some sand into this craw—
And it's you.
—Baltimore American.

Fires Which Never Go Out.

There are domestic fires burning in Yorkshire to-day which have never been out for hundreds of years.

At the old-fashioned farmhouses in the dales of Yorkshire peat is still burned. The fuel is obtained from the moors, and stacks of it are kept by the farmers in their stack garths.

The country roundabout is noted for its "girdle cakes," which are made from dough in quaint pans suspended over the peat fires.

These fires are kept glowing from generation to generation, and the son warms himself at the fire which warmed his sire and his grandsire and his grandsire's sire, and which will warm his son and his son's son.

There is a fire at Castleton, in the Whitby district, which has been burning for over 200 years. The record probably is held by a farmhouse at Osmotherly, in the same district. This fire has been burning for 500 years, and there are records to show that it has not been out during the last three centuries.—London Times.

Drink More Water.

While Americans are pretty good bathers outside, a good bath inside is really more necessary than one outside. Americans as a rule do not drink water enough. We are told that one reason for Japanese hardihood is their large consumption of water, which washes out the impurities of the system and gives vigor and tone to the body.

It is said that every one ought to drink at least two quarts of water a day, and it is doubtful if the average American drinks more than a quart. Try putting yourself on a diet of two quarts for a few days, and realize how it seems to drown. The best, in fact the only time to drink water, is between meals. Most of us drink a little water at meal time to wash down the food, and let it go at that. But this is not enough. The prevalence of rheumatism is said to be due to the small consumption of water. Water is a simple cure for many ailments.

Sees Bright's Disease Under Surgery.

An operation so unusual that Rear Admiral Suszuki, surgeon general of the Japanese navy, traveled half around the world to see it, was performed at the French hospital in New York, and to-day it was reported that the patient—a woman—was in a fair way to recover.

This feat of surgery is known as Edebohl's operation for relief of Bright's disease, and has never been performed outside of this country. The surgeon who first attempted it claims he has effected several radical cures of the disease but the operation is so dangerous that as yet few surgeons have dared to resort to it. The operation to day was especially severe, as both kidneys were stripped of their capsules at the same time to restore the natural blood supply to the degenerating tissues. The operation is unique, in that the disease itself is not attacked but its remote cause destroyed. The operation consisted of making a deep incision over the kidney of the patient, and the actual removal of the organ, while the capsule that entirely covered it was cut away. It was then put back in its place, and before the patient recovered from the anaesthetic the operation was repeated on the other kidney.

Nature Needs But Little.

Nature needs only a Little Early Risers now and then to keep the bowels clean, the liver active, and the system free from bile, headaches, constipation, etc. The famous little pills "Early Risers" are pleasant in effect and perfect in action. They never gripe or sicken, but tone and strengthen the liver and kidneys. Sold at City Pharmacy.

STATE BOARD OF TRADE TAKES POSITIVE ACTION.

Expresses Unqualfied Opposition to Having Transportation Rates Made by Commission.

The California State Board of Trade has adopted the following preamble and resolution in opposition to conferrin the power of rate-making on the interstate commerce commission:

The California state board of trade hereby expresses its unqualified opposition to the policy of conferring upon the interstate commerce commission the power to regulate rates of [transportation upon interstate commerce carried by the railroads of the United States.

The conferring of such power would, in the opinion of this body, convert the interstate commerce commission into a board of traffic managers for all the railroads carrying interstate traffic—a policy which would be the equivalent of a merger of such railroads and the extinguishment of every element of competition.

It would contravene the national policy crystallized in what is known as the anti-trust law, the provisions of which were so successfully invoked in resisting the merger of the Northern Pacific and the great Northern Railroads.

It would vest the interstate commerce commission with the power to regulate the earning capacity of the $1,400,000,000 invested in the railroads of the country and thus constituting that commission a potent factor in the transportation business of the country would confer upon the railroads the moral right to enter the arena of politics in their corporate capacity as a measure of defense against the possible arbitrary and confiscatory exercise of this power.

It would engender at once sectional strife between the different portions of the country as to the measure of protection which this power of regulation might be invoked to confer upon the various sections—a contest in which the newer and more sparsely settled regions of the United States would suffer by reason of the overmastering political power of the populous centers, and from this source of danger the products of California are especially menaced.

The export commerce in the green citrus and deciduous fruits, the dried and cured fruits, the vegetables, the wine and the lumber products of California must be carried an average distance of over two thousand five hundred miles to reach their center of distribution in the United States.

These products compete with like eastern products which are carried an average distance of less than two hundred and fifty miles. Owing to the disparity in volume between the east-bound and west-bound traffic, the railroads have heretofore carried the products of California the distance noted and delivered them in eastern markets at a rate that has enabled them to successfully compete with like products in the freight movement of which but one-tenth of the distance has been covered.

That this fostering policy, referable to the existing conditions of traffic, would be continued under a political control and direction of freight distribution in the United Stated is not even probable.

In view of these objections,

Be it resolved by this board, that the senators and representatives in congress from the state of California be requested to exercise their influence and cast their votes against the policy of conferring upon the interstate commerce commission the power to fix the rates of transportation on the interstate commerce of this country.

Almost Bled to Death.

John Prettyman, who occupies a house with his brother, William, near the foot of Saratoga Hill, just north of town, came near bleeding to death last Monday afternoon under peculiar circumstances. He observed blood lying in pools about the floor, and called his brother's attention to the fact, at the same time asking him if he had cut himselt, and was answered in the negative. Ten John arose from the chair in which he was sitting and for the first time noticed that the boot on is rigt foot was full to overflowing with the crimson fluid and also felt it spurting from the leg. The brother hurriedly bound up the wound and then summoned Dr. Bromley. On the arrival of the physician he found that Prettyman had fainted from the loss of blood, and would have died had surgical assistance been delayed a short while longer. The hemorrhage was caused by the rupturing of a large vein that had been eaten into by a varicose ulcer from which Mr. Prettyman had suffered many years. -Banner.

Every Ounce You Eat

Every ounce of food you eat that fails to digest does a pound of harm. It turns the entire meal into poison. This not only deprives the blood of the necessary tissue building material but it poisons it. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a perfect digestant. It digests the food regardless of the condition of the stomach. It allows that organ to rest and get strong again. Relieves belching, heart burn, sour stomach, indigestion, palpitation of the heart, etc. Sold by City Pharmacy.

For that falling hair use Ruhser's Quinine Hair Tonic.

SCIENCE SIFTINGS.

Prof. Reickenbach is said to have proven that 30 persons in 100 can see, in the dark, colored rays from the human body and flashes from a magnet.

The "flicker" sometimes noticed in lightning proves to be due to the fact that several flashes—sometimes five or six—follow one path too rapidly to be separated by the eye. The trails shown in photography of very bright flashes are caused by incandescence produced in the air for a very brief period.

A new product of the electric furnace has been introduced in France under the designation calstonite. It is a double carbide of barium and calcium, produced by M. J. Cartier, an electro-metallurgist of Mancioux, which decomposes on contact with water, like calcium carbide.

A stereoscopic star chart is the successful novelty of T. E. Heath, the English astronomer. The stars in a given section of the heavens are drawn from two points of view that are supposed to be 26 years apart, and under a large stereoscope the double view gives a rough but very instructive impression of the stars floating in space at an approximation to their relative distances, instead of as points against the dark background of the sky. The result is a most interesting one.

Electric waves and sensitive receivers offer a means of performing a variety of operations at a distance. Prof. E. D. Branly has been trying to attain such results, and has shown the Paris academy an apparatus by which he can start an electric motor, cause incandescent lamps to glow, and cause an explosion. These effects may be produced or discontinued in any desired order, one after another. They were chosen arbitrarily for experiment, and it is possible to bring about at a distance other mechanical action or series of actions, or to work a complicated machine.

RECENTLY RELATED.

President Sprague, of the Union Dime savings bank, of New York, says that he was called up on the telephone one day and addressed thus: "Is this the Union Dime savings bank?" "Yes." "Well, I want to know if a non-union man can deposit in your bank."

A well-dressed man who registered at a hotel in St. Joseph, Mo., casually remarked that he never traveled without his own fire-escape, at the same time exhibiting the contrivance he carried. "In case of fire," he said, "I can let myself down from any hotel window." The landlord said, gravely: "Our terms for guests with fire-escapes are cash in advance."

William H. Crane, the actor, says he first learned what true love is by accidentally overhearing a brief conversation between a young man and a very pretty girl. "And you're sure you love me?" she said. "Love you?" echoed the young fellow. "Why, darling, while I was bidding you good-by on the porch last night your dog bit a large piece out of the calf of my leg, and I never noticed it till I got home."

Abe Gruber, the New York lawyer, tells of a southern friend who was visiting him. Mr. Gruber, wishing to be hospitable, brought forth a whisky bottle and placed it on the dining-room table. He went to the china closet to get some whisky glasses. On his return he was surprised to see that his friend had filled up an ordinary water glass to the brim and was about to drink it. "Say," said Mr. Gruber, "what are you doing? You drink that as if it were cider." "Cider?" said the southerner, draining the glass, "do you think I'd take that much cider?"

BITS BY THE BABES.

A little girl was called upon to recite her piece before an audience. When she reached the stage she stood there without saying a word. At length she exclaimed: "Papa knows it."

A four-year-old Brooklyn child was watching the cook shelling peas. She was noticed to be deeply interested in the process. Finally she looked up all of a sudden and said naively: "Oh, let me unbutton some of them."

"Mamma," said five-year-old Nellie, "I'd like to ask your advice about something." "What is it, dear?" queried her mother. "After I get through school, what would you advise me to do while I'm waiting to be married?" asked the little miss.

A little girl called at a grocery and asked for a quart of vinegar to be put in a gallon jug. This being done she asked for another quart to be put in the same vessel. "Why didn't you ask for half a gallon in the first place?" asked the grocer. "Because," answered the small shopper, "it's for two different persons."

NOT CENSUS QUESTIONS.

Were you ever happy, and who was to blame?

Are you black or white, and how do you account for it?

Do you eat patented breakfast foods or just plain sawdust?

Do you think that the high price of eggs is due to the foul-strike?

Did you ever hear a theater joke, and what did you take to remove the effects?

What is your age, and how many years is it since you celebrated that birthday?

Did you ever love your wife so much that you would like to eat her, and are you sorry that you have not done so?

Do not be deceived by counterfeits when you buy Witch Hazel salve. The name of E. C. DeWitt & Co. is on every box of the genuine. Piles in their worst form will soon pass away if you will apply DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve night and morning. Best for cuts, burns, boils, tetter, eczema, etc. Sold by City Pharmacy.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter-ocean, both papers for one year, $2.50 in advance.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS
RED FRONT STORE, Jackson, Cal

We beg leave to inform the people of Jackson and Amador county that we are going to Retire from Business, Therefore we offer our Stock at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.
SALE BEGINS
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1st, 1905
STORE TO LET. FIXTURES FOR SALE.

Remember, you have an opportunity to buy goods for less than we paid for them. We are positively going to retire from business, and will sell our entire stock below cost.

THE RED FRONT | RETIRING FROM BUSINESS | THE RED FRONT
JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY

FICTITIOUS FOOD-NAMES.

Delusion That Exists in the Terms Applied to Various Articles on Sale.

George K. Holmes, chief of division of foreign markets, bureau of statistics, of the United States department of agriculture, prepared for the year book of the department a treatise on the peculiarities of consumers in their systems of marketing and the delusions they allow themselves to be placed under or blunder into themselves. The digest has been considered serviceable for reprinting in pamphlet form under the title of "Consumers' Fancies."

The pamphlet points out the mistake people of small means make in always selecting the choice or most expensive cuts of meats, when many of the unsought cheaper parts of the animal are equally or even more nutritious. It quotes a meat trade's journal on recent prices as follows: Porterhouse steak, 20 cents; prime rib, 15 cents; sirloins, 12½ cents; round, 8 cents; rump, 7 cents; neck pieces, about 3 cents, per pound, respectively. It comments in the following strain:

"Although epicurians admit and chemists demonstrate that the neck piece is toothsome and nutritious, it bears the lowest price. In fact it would hardly be considered respectable to ask the butcher for a piece of the neck. Perhaps a low order of proficiency in the housewife's cooking in the past gave the neck piece its low place. The story might have been different had the housewife of former times possessed the French housewife's ability to utilize meats in the making of attractive and delicious dishes." The point of the argument is that cheap cuts are as good as dear when judiciously selected and properly cooked.

The pamphlet also treats of the delusion that exists in the terms applied to various subsistence commodities by which their sale is influenced. Note the following: "The amount of 'Canada' lamb sold in the United States is enormous. The word 'Canada' has the same magical effect upon lamb prices that the word 'Philadelphia' has upon spring poultry or that of 'Long Island' on fresh eggs. These fictions seem to sell the product, and the eating public appears to feel satisfied. By tacking the word Canada on to his product the butcher is enabled to get two cents more per pound for it, or, if he adheres to normal prices his customers think they are getting something unusual for their money. In certainly 95 per cent. of the cases they are getting plain domestic lamb, and about 50 times out of 100 are not getting lamb at all, but mere mutton."

Many other commodities are set forth under their respective delusive titles with the same unreserved treatment of the deceptions practiced in regard to them. A single illustration would seem to be all sufficient, however.

Get the weak spots in your old harness patched at Pete Piccardo's.

A. H. KUHLMAN
Contractor and Builder
Will do work in any part of Amador County. If you want to build, send a note to Jackson Postoffice and I will call on you. Estimates furnished without cost on any kind of building. Will make plans and specifications for you. mar2tf

A RICH FIND


DEMAND THE BRAND

FACTS AND FIGURES.

St. Louis butts into the procession with a tax assessment roll of $469,000,000, an increase of $10,000,000 over 1904.

Only four per cent. of the men of the British army have a chest measurement of over 40 inches, and 20 per cent. between 38 inches and 40 inches.

New York state is about to receive from the federal government $118,585.84, interest and principal on an investment of $20,000 in equipping troops for the war of 1812.

At Cheboygan, Mich., is the largest sawdust pile in the world. It is a hill, 1,080 feet long, 875 wide, 3,625 in circumference, ranges from 20 to 50 feet in height, and covers 12 acres. It is the accumulation of one lumber company since 1877.

Camille Flammarion's new perpetual calendar starts the year at the vernal equinox, March 21. Every quarter should contain two months of 30 days and one month of 31 days. This would make 354 days. The same dates would occur on the same days of the week, and one calendar would last a lifetime.

HISTORICAL BITS.

Cromwell is said to have originated the board of trade idea.

Sugar, when first introduced into England, was only used for the purpose of making medicines more palatable.

Wire drawing was invented by Rudolph of Nuremburg in the early part of the fifteenth century. Wire was first made in England in 1663.

Bombs, it is said, were first thrown March 24, 1580, on the town of Wachtendenck, in Guelderland. The historian Hone says "the invention is commonly attributed to Gaalen, bishop of Muenster."

In 1592, in England, butchers were compelled by law to sell their beef for a half penny a pound and mutton for three farthings. The butchers of London sold penny pieces of beef for the relief of the poor, every piece two pounds and a half, sometimes three pounds for a penny.

Fresh pickled olives of the season just received; 65c per gallon; Nettle's market.

Headaches from any cause yield promptly to Ruhser's Headache Powders. Quick and sure relief guaranteed.

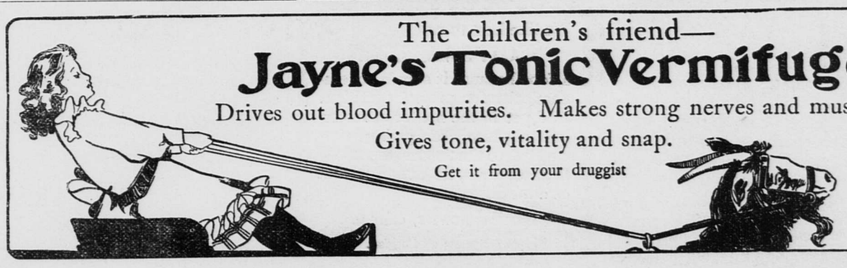
Buggy robes, horse blankets at P. Piccardo's harness shop. Prices to suit.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

WE CURE MEN


Suffering from delicate diseases, such as physical and mental decay, Varicocele, Stricture, Piles, Blood Diseases, Prostatic Disease Contracted Disorders, Loss of Vital Power, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Lost Manhood, Mucus Drains, Etc.
We have the most modern, rational and perfect method of treatment for the quick and permanent cure of all newly contracted, nervous and chronic disorders of men and guarantee a cure in every case undertaken or no charge.
We are permanently located in Stockton.
Our Fees are Fair and Our Cures are Lasting.
WEAK MEN
When others fail, we cure. There is no better equipped medical institution anywhere, and the services we render afflicted men are as superior as our facilities are complete.
CONSULTATION FREE
Call or write for Guide to Health, (illustrated) free (sealed.) All letters sacredly confidential. Our references are the business men of Stockton and the hundreds of cured patients.
Patients coming to Stockton for treatment, should come direct to our office on arriving.
Dr. Freshman Co.
Cor. Main and Calif. Sts., STOCKTON

The children's friend—
Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge
Drives out blood impurities. Makes strong nerves and muscles.
Gives tone, vitality and snap.
Get it from your druggist


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FRIDAY NOVEMBER 3, 1905

A Startling Admission.

There are eight counties in th state without an incorporated city within their territory. These are Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Madera, Mono, Plumas, Sutter, and Trinity Of these Madera, Calaveras and Sutter have a larger assessment roll than Amador, all the others have a much smaller assessment than this county. It may also be observed that Jackson is the largest and most popul us town in the list of counties without an incorporated city.—Amador Ledger.

It would seem all these towns are getting on just as well without it, for the incorporated ones are often checked in progress by being incorporated.—Colusa Sun.

This expression of opinion coming from one of the leading country papers in the state, published in a town that has been incorporated for a generation, will certainly come as a surprise to many. Colusa is in a position to speak from experience. She has enjoyed the blessings of self-government long enough to appreciate them, or at lesat to estimate them at their real value. She is in a position to know the advantages and disadvantage s of municipal control. And yet after a generation of experience the principal journal frankly acknowledges that incorporation is often found to be an obstacle, instead of a help, in a path of progress. No explanation of this statement is given. Why it is found to block progress we are not told; each reader can form his own conclusions; but that the surprisingly candid admission is made honestly and in good faith there can be no doubt.

There can be no question that if Jackson could receive that consideration at the hands of the supervisors that its population and tax-paying record demands, it would be just as well to remain unincorporated. If we could have anything like fair treatment, and a reasonable portion of the money contributed by the property holders of this town for the support of the county government, were expended upon the streets, and other legitimate and necessary ways, incorporation would not help us one jot. But the fact remains that we contribute a great deal of the funds for local government, and get practically nothing in return. Our money is taken and spent upon outside highways, and if anything is contributed toward our streets from the public treasury, it is looked upon more as an act of concession or condescension than a matter of right. Until very recent times, it was the avowed policy of the county managers to ignore the streets of the town in the expenditure of road funds. The citizens were expected to contribute privately and specially to fix up the streets, in addition to the regular tax for road purposes. And this is not the only direction in which our rights have been ignored, and righteous appeals unheeded or thwarted. "Jackson is a rich and a thriving town; it is able to pay for what it needs; it has the county buildings, and all the business that flows therefrom; her citizens ought not to call upon the county treasury for anything." Such is the argument that is urged; which reduced to real import means that the county seat town ought to be made to pay every year for the honor of being the seat of local government. It is this spirit that is responsible for the strength of the incorporation movement.

On the other hand, the principal handicap of incorporation is the fear—widespread and not baseless—that an additional governmental regime, means more officials, and that means more political grafting, more avenues for the display of favoritism and the reward of political hangerson. The graft game permeates to every nook and corner of our governmental system. If the people of Jackson were only satisfied that a city government could, and would, be carried on for the welfare of the poeple alone, incorporation would carry with scarcely a dissenting vote. But this ghost of graft—this fear that the city government will speedily fall a prey to political schemers, who are ever on the look-out for more worlds to conquer—is after all the only solid basis for opposition to the plan to place Jackson on the list of self-governing communities.

The office of the county treasurer was insured against burglary by the board of supervisors of Amador county with the same company that insured Madera county against burglary. The thing was so ridiculous that the Amador board cancelled its contract with the insurance company at their last meeting. Criticism on the part of the tax-payers, who objected to having their money wasted in this fashion, was the cause.—Madera Times.

Three Good and Just Reasons.

There are three reasons why mothers prefer One Minute Cough Cure: First, it is absolutely harmless; second, it tastes good—children love it; third, it cures coughs, croup and whooping cough when other remedies fail. Sold by F. W. Ruhser, City Pharmacy.

Receipt books for sale at Ledger office; also all kinds of blanks, mining location, deeds, mortgages, etc.

THE FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

This is the last issue before the contest for the free scholarships will close. For the information of all interested, we again state, that the contest will end at noon next Tuesday November 7. Subscriptions at the Ledger office must be handed in at or before that hour in order to participate in the voting. Subscriptions by mail will be counted if received by the evening of November 7, and subscriptions received by mail from Volcano and other eastern points, and also from the south, on the morning of November 8, will be counted, on the assumption that such sums were deposited in the mail before noon of the preceding day.

We also deem it necessary to state that the standing of the respective candidates as published to-day, is the final intimation of the progress of the voting before the close of the co test. No information whatever will be given out at this office as to the standing of either of the candidates from now on, until the time limit has expired, and the final award made. We take this course for the protection of all interested, and a guarantee of good faith on our part. In the remaining four days much effective work may be done.

The vote now stands:

Lewis Love, Jackson	-	18175 votes
Miss Mary Heath, Jackson		18300 "
Jas Pengelly, jr. Sutter Ck,		7750 "
Francis Bryant, Ione	-	3650 "
William Graynge, Volcano		250 "
Elmer Dicken, Jackson	-	250 "

The Ledger's Jubilee.

With this issue the Ledger passes over the semi-centennial of its existence. It is fifty years since the Amador Ledger was started in Volcano, at that time the biggest town in the county. Its starter was Thomas H. Springer, a practical printer, who in 1857 moved the plant to Jackson, where it has been published ever since. The history of the Ledger, the first paper printed and published within the territory now comprising Amador county, forms an important part of the history of the county. Started in anti-bellum days, it at the outset was an independent journal. But at the outbreaking of the war of the rebellion there was no neutral ground to stand upon. The very spirit of independent journalism compelled the newspaper man to take one side or the other in that great struggle. The Ledger cast its influence on the side of the republican party and the preservation of the union. It has, in all the intervening years, remained steadfast to its political choice made when the fate of the nation was trembling in the clash of hostile armies. It is one of the very few papers of California that has kept in the pathway of its original poltical allegiance for a period of 45 years—or practically from the birth of the republican party—the political organization that has exerted a mightier influence for the weal of mankind than any other party that has ever existed—until now.

It is more than thirty years since the present editor and proprietor of the Ledger became identified with this journal. With the exception of eight years of that time, the policy and course of the paper has been under his exclusive control. We believe the Ledger enjoys the confidence of the people of the county to a greater extent than the average county newspaper. We have tried to pursue a consistent, conscientious course. We have never paudered to what we believed a false public sentiment for the sake of currying favor with any class. We have made mistakes. It would be unreasonable to expect otherwise. But we can truthfully say we have never wilfully and against our judgment departed from the path we believed to be right; and to this more than anything else, we attribute the liberal support which the Ledger has enjoyed for so many years. We are not in the habit of parading anything of a personal character in these columns, but the passing of the fittieth milestone in the Ledger's lifetime warrants this digression from our usual course.

Important to Hunters.

It is a crime to hunt on any land without securng the permission of the owner. The fact is not generally known, but the last Legislature passed a bill making it a misdemeanor.

Under the former law it was a misdemeanor only in case a sign was up warning sportsmen not to hunt on the land, but the provision requiring signs has been abolished. Under the present statute if a sportsman wants to go gunning for game he will have to do it on his own property unless he has a friend who will give him permission.

It is said the strictness enforced against hunters has resulted from their disregard of the rights of others. When allowed to trespass on lands, they did not appreciate the leniency shown, but, on the contrary, seemed to think they had an inherent right there.—Modesto Herald.

The amendment referred to is entitled "An Act to amend sections 602 and 603 of the penal code, both relating to trespass." It was approved March 21, 1905, and took effect sixty days therefrom. Subdivision 9 of said act reads as follows:

9. Every person entering an inclosure belonging to, or occupied by another, for the purpose of hunting, shooting, killing or destroying any kind of game within such inclosure, without having first obtained permission from the owner of such inclosure, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

We like best to call

SCOTT'S EMULSION

a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs." MRS. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

An Autumn Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Amelia J. Cademartori and Dr. C. W. Schacht, which took place last Sunday at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francesco Cademartori, on Stump street, Jackson, was one of those attractive home affairs in which not any of the details that add to the attractiveness and sacredness of a wedding were neglected, and yet conventional formalities were lost sight of in the very cordial and homelike simplicity of the whole.

Rev. Father Gleeson, who performed the ceremony, made a short address before the administration of the rite prescribed by the Catholic church, and in concluding he congratulated the bride and groom.

The bride was presented to the groom by her father, Francesco Cademartori. She wore a bridal robe of white material, which was very plain, and walking length. The attendants were Miss Marie Boro and Chas Cademartori, brother of the bride.

The floral decorations consisted of grouping s of autumn leaves and trailing smilax, with large fluffy chrysanthemums. Covers were laid for twenty six at the breakfast. The guests consisted of the families of the bride and groom, and close relations. The gifts received were many and beautiful.

Mr. and Mrs. Schacht left immediately after the wedding for different resorts along the coast, and upon their return to Jackson, they will go to housekeeping.

One of the Guests.

Both contracting parties are natives of Jackson, and have a wide circle of admiring friends and acquaintances. The bride is the charming and amiable daughter of F. Cademartori, the old-established baker of this town. The groom is the oldest son of Dr. B. H. Schacht, physician and surgeon. He has been engaged in the practice of dentistry here for the past five or six years. The Ledger acknowledges receipt of the customary compliments over this auspicious event, and joins with the host of well-wishers in congratulations and hopes of a long and happy matrimonial life.

A Liquid Cold Cure.

A Cough Syrup which drives a cold out of the system by acting as a cathartic on the bowels is offered by Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. Clears the throat, strengthens the lungs and bronchial tubes. The mother's friend and the children's favorite. Best for croup, whooping cough, etc. A liquid cold cure and the only cough syrup which moves the bowels and works all cold out of the system. Sold by City Pharmacy.

Use Of X-Ray In Mining.

A novel illustration of the application of Rontgen or X-Rays to mining was illustrated in some recent interesting epxeriments made in the engineering laboratory of the Van der Naillen schools at San Francisco.

A number of samples of gold-bearing quartz ore were placed on an ordinary holder containing a sensitized photogaphic plate. This was exposed to the inflence of the Rays from an ordinary Crookes tube for about 15 minutes. When the plate was developed it showed the metal contained in the quartz in its natural crystalline form, as if it were suspended in space, the quartz surrounding it being but faintly discernible. Samples where none of the metal could be seen on the surface were thus shown to contain considerable value interiorily.

This method will prove valuable in mineralogical research, as it shows the actual state in which metal exists in the quartz, which can be shown in no other way. By the comparison of the different densities in the shadow-graphs thus obtained, it is possible to tell also the presence in the ore of lead, iron and sulphur pyrites.—New Era.

Unclaimed Letters

In Jackson post office November 3:

George Anick, Mrs T. Barnwell, Mari Gospodi Becir, Johnnie Darrow, Tomey Calameck, Pioli Cesere, Ottorion Cornaggia, Makisina Corivic, Pazzebon Geovanni, Tnos Grassi, Ane Guljanoirc, P. Langhine, Mrs. Melignoni, Antonio Prazza, Maria Rolandelli, Mollie O. Shind.

Pioneer Flour always has been and still is the best

Map of Amador County, corrected to 1904, for sale at Amador Ledger office.

Ladies' vest and dawers for 19 cents Saturday, one day. Jackson Shoe Store.

We make a specialty of printing all kinds of notes, receipts, checks, etc Send your orders to the Ledger.

SUPERIOR COURT.

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE.

Estate of S. David—Hearing on final account continued until November.

Estate of May A. Daugherty—Final account settled, and administrator discharged.

Estate of E. E. Daugherty—Guardian finally discharged.

People vs Thos W. Freeman—November 4th fixed as the time for passing sentence.

Estate of Batiste Giacardi—Final account and petition for distribution filed; November 4 appointed for hearing.

Estate of John Trimble—Claim of Amador county for $72 filed. Final account and petition for discharge filed, November 4 appointed for hearing.

People vs. Clarence Murphy—On trial.

New Cases.

J. Poggi and L. Traverso vs John Garbarini—Suit for dissolution of copartnership and an accounting. The complaint sets forth that on February 14, 1903, plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement to work the Amador Queen mine No 2, under the firm name of Garbarini, Poggi & Co. Each partner was to pay an equal share of the expenses, and each to pay into the partnership fund the sum of $2 for every day's absence from work. On Oct 4, 1904, the partnership was dissolved, and no settlement of partnership affairs has been had. That prior to said dissolution defendant neglected and refused to do his share of work, or to pay the $2 per day for his absence. That at the time of dissolution the partnership was indebted to various parties, and defendant refused to contribute his share toward the liquidations of such indebtedness. Bullion was extracted from the mine to the value of $899.63, and the proceeds from the mint to that amount was received by defendant, which has not been fully cacounted for to the partners. Judgment is therefore asked for dissolution of partnership, and accounting of the partnership affairs, and of money received by plaintiffs and defendant respectively.

Sues for Divorce.

Wilford Dennis has commenced a suit for divorce in the superior court of San Francisco against his wife Matilda Dennis, on the ground of cruelty. The suit was commenced on the 30th October. The complainant is the late agent of Wells Fargo & Co. in Jackson, and took a prominent part in the organization and starting of the Ione and Eastern railroad. About four months ago he surrendered his position in Jackson, and has since been living in San Francisco. His wife and family about that time removed to their former home in Sutter Creek. As the grounds for divorce proceedings, the complaint according to the report in the Examiner of Oct. 31, alleges that he was the owner of a rich mine, located seven miles from Sutter Creek. Here he toiled and was on the lead of a "bonanza," when his wife put a halt to his efforts. He declares that she refused adsolutely to live in the vicinity of the location, and insisted that he reside mines from the the site of operation, going back and forth each day in the most inclement weather. Discouraged, the defendant says he finally gave up his mine and went to Jackson, where he accepted a position as Wells-Fargo agent and Western Union telegraph operator. But, says the complaint, Mrs. Dennis again interfered, refusing to make her home at Jackson. Finally she persuaded the defendant to give up his position. Since that time it is alleged that she has continued her cruelty to him, and as a last resort Dennis says he will settle matters once and for all by obtaining a divorce.

Notice to Water Consumers.

At request of Standard Electric Company, I have to notify water consumers to exercise utmost economy in use of water. Only water for purely domestic purposes will be permitted; irrigation, sprinkling, and waste in any form must be absolutely stopped while shortage of water continues. Patrons persisting in irrigating or wastage after this notice, will have the water supply shut off. Nov. 3, 1905.

Mrs. C. Richmyer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Sacramento, Cal.,
Oct. 26, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Richard Webb, U. S. Commissioner, at Jackson, Cal., on Friday, December 22, 1905, viz.: John W. Joses, of Ione, Cal., who made H. E. 6795, for the W½ of SE¼ and S½ of NE¼ of section 25, T. 8 N., R. 14 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Wm. H. Blakely, of Drytown, Cal.; George S. Joses, of Drytown, Cal.; Joseph Tonzi, of Ione, Cal.; Fred Yager, of Ione, Cal.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
nv3 6t Register.



SPECIAL OFFER
Pyrographic Outfit B--$2.50

For burning on Plush, Wood, Leather, etc. Includes one fine Platinum Point, Cork Handle, Rubber Tubing, Double-action Bulb, Metal Union Cork, Benzine Bottle, Alcohol Lamp, two pieces of Stamped Practice Wood and full directions, all in neatly designed Bass-wood Box.

Handkerchief Box, No. 688

Size 6¼x5¾x2¼. Price, 40 cents. Made of clear white Bass-wood, beautifully designed.

The above Pyrographic Outfit and Handkerchief Box together with our 48-page illustrated catalogue of Pyro Outfits and Supplies will be sent to your address by prepaid express on receipt of money order for $2.90.

Our latest catalogue and advance sheets of new and original articles for burning will be sent on request.

GALLAGHER BROS.
27 Grant Avenue San Francisco, Cal.

Reference—Crocker-Woolworth National Bank

Weak Hearts

Are due to indigestion. Ninety-nine of every one hundred people who have heart trouble can remember when it was simple indigestion. It is a scientific fact that all cases of heart disease, not organic, are not only traceable to, but are the direct result of indigestion. All food taken into the stomach which fails of perfect digestion ferments and swells the stomach, puffing it up against the heart. This interferes with the action of the heart, and in the course of time that delicate but vital organ becomes diseased.

Mr. D. Kauble, of Nevada, O., says: I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for about four months and it cured me.

Kodol Digests What You Eat

and relieves the stomach of all nervous strain and the heart of all pressure.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

---Sold by all Druggists---

BORN.

MACE—In Ione, October 30, 1905, to the wife of Fayette Mace, jr., a son

MARRIED.

LEON-OATES—In Jackson, October 27, 1905, by Rev. C. E. Winning, Frank A. Leon of San Francisco to Mrs Mary J. Oates of Sutter Creek.

SCHACHT-CADEMARTORI—In Jackson, October 29, 1905, by Rev. J. J. Gleeson, C. W. Schacht to Miss Amelia Cademartori, both of Jackson.

DIED.

PARTICELLI—At Middle fork, October 30, 1905, Alberta Particelli, a native of Italy, aged 44 years.

CULBERT—In Amador City, October 30, 1905, Thomas L. Culbert, a native of California, aged 21 years.

DOHMAN—In Placerville, Saturday, October 28, of consumption, James Dohman of Plymouth, aged 23 years.

ENRICO—At Jackson Gate, October 31, 1905, Giovanchino Enrico, a native of Italy, aged 19 years.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Delinquent Sale Notice.

HORN MINING COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of works, Defender, Amador County, California.

NOTICE—THERE IS DELINQUENT UPON the following described stock, on account of assessment (No. 2) levied on the sixth day of Sept., 1905, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No. Cert.	No. Shares.	Am't
W. A. Bennetts	141	1000	$20 00
M. G. Brennan	31	100	2 00
Harry Bush	143	100	2 00
Dolly Calderwood	86	100	2 00
A. A. Davis	138	500	10 00
Lee H. Estes	109	250	5 00
Lee H. Estes	170	1000	20 00
Margaret Hayes	32	100	2 00
J. E. Hooper	92	250	5 00
Kate Crooks	57	100	2 00
J. G. U. Lawlor	18	100	2 00
Geo. McMillan	52	200	4 00
Geo. McMillan	56	250	5 00
Geo. McMillan	72	550	11 00
Mrs. E. J. Martin	126	250	5 00
Mrs. E. J. Martin	127	250	5 00
Mrs. E. J. Martin	128	250	5 00
Mrs. E. J. Martin	129	250	5 00
Chas Delos Rogers	121	100	2 00
Chas. Delos Rogers	122	100	2 00
Chas. Delos Rogers	124	100	2 00
Chas Delos Rogers	125	100	2 00
Chas. Delos Rogers	144	250	5 00
Ansel Smith	34	400	8 00
Estella M. Smith	105	1400	28 00
John Hey	107	1000	20 00
Chas. E. Boot	153	250	5 00
Chas. E Boot	154	250	5 00

And in accordance with law, and an order from the Board of Directors, made on the sixth day of September, 1905, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction at the office of the company, 109 California Street, Room 26, San Francisco, California, on Monday, the 20th day of November, 1905, at the hour of 3 o'clock P. P. of said day, to pay said Delinquent Assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. G. LIBBEY, Secretary.
Office. No. 109, California Street, Room 26, San Francisco, California. oc27td

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Sacramento, Cal.
November 1, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proofs will be made before R. Webb, U. S. Commissioner, at Jackson, Cal. on Friday, Dec. 22, 1905, viz.: Charles E. Meckling, who made H. E. No. 7021, for the SE¼ of SE¼ Sec. 7, NE ¼ of NE¼ Sec. 18, and W½ of NW¼ Sec. 17, T. 7 N., R. 14 E., M.D.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: William H. Blakely, of Defender, Cal.; Stanley Barnhart, of West Point, Cal.; W. C. Hoss, of Pine Grove, Cal.; Alez. Hoss, of Pine Grove, Cal.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
no3 Register.

NEW
National * Hotel
Jackson, Amador county, Cal.

F. A. VOORHEIS, Proprietor

Stage Office for all Points

Lighted by electricity throughout

Commodious Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers, au18

Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

WANTED—A good active man to represent us in the sale of Nursery Stock. References required. Address, Fancher Creek Nurseries, Inc., Fresno, Cal. oc20 4t

FOR SALE.—One good milch cow, with heifer calf three months old; also one cow to calve in a few months Apply at St. George Hotel, Volcano, Cal. oc6

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on Broadway, Jackson. Apply on the premises to S. Kemp, Broadway. oc9 1m

Hotel Business for Sale.

THE UNION HOUSE BUSINESS, situated on Main street, Jackson, is offered for sale with all furnitures and fixtures complete The house contains 20 sleeping rooms bar, dining room and complete equipment in every way, and recently refitted throughout. Doing a good business, rooms all filled. This is an excellent opportunity for any person wishing to engage in the hotel business. Good reasons for wishing to sell. For particulars apply to F. Simcich on the premises. dec9-tf

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

[The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.]

Deeds—Peter Podesta et ux to Victor D. Ratto, lot near Jackson, $10.

Annie Nordon to Jennie S. Chase, part of lot 5 in block 23, Sutter Creek, love and affection.

Morris Jones, as administrater of the estate of Bernard Isaacs, to trustees of Ione Parlor, N. S. G. W., lot 2 in block 7, Ione City, $2750.

William J. Lane to Nina Rigassi, lot in Sutter Creek, $10.

D. F. Gray et ux to Harry Cook, part of lot 9 in block 23, Sutter Creek, $10.

James O'Brien et ux to J. E. Walton, lot 1 in block 11, Plymouth, $1500.

U. F. Elledge to Morris Jones, an undivided 1-3 interest in a tract of land in Jackson valley, $10.

Samuel R. Kemp et ux to Teresa Jelletich, part of lots 19 and 1 in block 2, Jackson, $25.

Mortgages—J. D. Mason to Charles Gibbert, lot 18 in block 2, Jackson, $300 for one year at 8 per cent, per annum.

Ducilina Casagrande and Frank Perano to Marguerita Molfino, lot 9 in block 11, Sutter Creek, $1000 for one year at 10 per cent per annum.

Jennie Chase to Timothy Nordon, lot in Sutter Creek, $1., other considerations.

Proof of Labor—G. B. Ratto on St. Mary's quartz claim in Clinton mining district.

Satisfaction of Mortgage—Molfino to Perano.

Bank of Amador County to Folger.

Certificates of Redemption—L. E. Schoeneman, lot 1 in block 28, Ione, taxes of 1899, $3.75.

Miss L. Gumbert, lot 7 in block 11 and lot 1 in block 4, Oleta, taxes of 1899, $926.

R. W. Ketcham, Lady Bedford Q. M. in 14-8-10, taxes of 1902 03, $12.54; also taxes of 1898-'99-'00, $32.69.

Jose Gulch M. Co., Crown Point Q. M. in 2-5-11, taxes of 1989, $18.71.

Bill of Sale—Edward Garbalino to Thomas A. Canepa lease fixtures and barber shop furniture, and stock in "White Elephant Saloon," Amador City, $10.

Mechanic's Lien—Amador County Lumber Co., vs. Teresa Ghiglieri and Tabio Franceschi; amount claimed $673.70.

Chattel Mortgage—Thomas Canepa to Gianbestesta Pareta, one billard table, and barber chair, in White Elephant saloon, in Amador City; $150 for one year at 6 per cent per annum.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
Land Office at Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 29 1905

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before R. Webb, U. S. Commissioner at Jackson, Cal., on Monday, Nov. 13, 1905, viz: Charles Tonzi, who made H. E. No. 6783, for the lots 1 and 2 of NE¼ and lots 3 and 4 of NW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 5, T. 7 N., R. 13 E., and SE¼ of SW¼ Sec. 32, T 8 N., R. 13 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz; C. H. Henderson of Ione, Cal., Henry French, of Ione, Cal., Henry Bowzer, of Ione, Cal., August French, of Ione, Cal.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
oc9-6t Register

Imperial Hotel
AMADOR CITY, CALIFORNIA

Meals 25c, 50c Lodging 25, 50c

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS

New management, new improvements and newly furnished. Special accommodations to transients.

H. F. COSTER, Mrs. M. C. ARDITTO

G. W. WELLER

—DEALER IN—

Stoves
Tinware
Hardware
Crockery
Cutlery
Window Glass
Paints
Oils, etc.

Tinning and Plumbing

Main Street
JACKSON CAL.

my19

WATCHES



Save Money by Buying your Watch and Chain from us.

A New and Clean Stock to choose from.

H. A. MINASIAN

—SUTTER CREEK—

Jeweler and Optician

UP-TO-DATE BUSINESS MEN.

CASSINELLI'S GROCERY HOUSE
P. L. CASSINELLI, Proprietor

JUST RECEIVED, A CONSIGNMENT OF NEW CROP
RAISONS and CURRANTS
MINCEMEAT, in bulk or jar

MAIN STREET, - - JACKSON, CALIFORNIA

GINOCCHIO BRO'S.

DEALERS IN
General Merchandise

Groceries, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Boots, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Mining Supplies, Lumber, Hardware, Hay, Grain, etc., etc.

Corner Main and Water St.
JACKSON - - - CALIFORNIA

McCALL Bazaar Patterns

L. J. Glavinovich
LEADING GROCERY STORE

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS,
SHOES, TOILET ARTICLES,
HARDWARE, MINERS' SUPPLIES, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

Cor. Main & Court Streets
JACKSON, - - CAL.

McCALL Bazaar Patterns

THE
San Francisco & Suburban Home Building Society
(GUARANTEED CAPITAL $600,000.00)

Builds Modern Homes, taking First Mortgages On Them to Secure Its Investing Patrons, who Share in Profits, and receive Interest at Six Per Cent per Annum, Guaranteed.

REMEMBER, IT IS NOT A "BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION"

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS W. C. WALLACE, GEN'L AGT., 708 MARKET ST., S. F.



Three Times the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Rotary motion and ball bearing make it the lightest running machine in the world.

Quiet and durable. The rotary motion does away with noise and wear caused by the forward and backward movement of the shuttle

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg Co.

General Office for Pacific Coast, No. 231 Sutter Street. San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE
To Taxpayers.

Office of the Tax Collector
County of Amador, State of California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE taxpayers of Amador county, that I, T. K. NORMAN, Tax Collector of Amador county, did on the 10th day of October, 1905 receive from the County Auditor of Amador county the original assessment books for the year 1905, containing a list of the persons assessed for real and personal property, and the amount of State and County taxes due thereon for said year.

That said taxes are now due and payable to me at my office in the Court House, in the town of Jackson, county of Amador, State of California.

That the taxes on all personal property secured by real property, and one half of the taxes on all real property were due and payable on the second Monday in October, 1905, and will be delinquent on the last Monday in November next thereafter, at 6 o'clock p. m., and that unless paid prior thereto, fifteen per cent will be added to the amount thereof, and if said one-half be not paid before the last Monday in April next, at 6 o'clock p. m. an additional five per cent will added thereto.

That the remaining one-half of the taxes on all real property will be payable on and after the first Monday in January next, and will be delinquent on the last Monday in April next thereafter, at 6 o'clock p. m., and that unless paid prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

That all taxes may be paid at the time the first instalment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

First instalment, one half real estate and all personal property, due October 10th, 1905.

First instalment, one half real estate and all personal property, delinquent November 37th, 1905, at 6 o'clock p. m.

Second instalment, one-half real estate, due January 4th, 1906.

Second instalment, one half real estate, delinquent April 26th, 1906, at 6 o'clock p. m.

All the taxes may be paid in full at the time the first installment is due.

Taxes not paid according to law will be delinquent, and 15 per cent and 5 per cent and other costs will be added thereto.

Positively no Checks received for the payment of taxes.

T. K. NORMAN,
oc13 Tax Collector of Amador County.

M. A. 2331.

MINING APPLICATION NO. 2331. UNITED States Land Office, Sacramento, Calif., September 12, 1905. Notice hereby is given that Margaret C. Quinn, et al, of Jackson, Amador County, California, have made application for patent to the Julia Quartz Mine, Survey No. 4395, in Sec. 10, T. 5 N., R. 11 E., M. D. M., in Jackson Mining District, Amador County, described as follows: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence the quarter section corner on W. boundary of Sec. 10, T 5 N., R. 11 E., bears S. 75 deg. 45 min. W., 1735 feet dist.; thence S. 6 deg 23 min. W., 1500 feet to cor. No. 2; thence E. 600 ft to cor. No. 3; thence N. 6 deg. 23 min. E 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence W. 600 ft to cor No 1, the place of beginning, containing 20.53 acres. The location is recorded in Book "A" page 506, records of Jackson Mining District, and in Vol. "C" page 618, records of Amador County This claim is bounded on the N. by Meehan Con. Q. M., on the W. by Mammoth Gold and St Julian Q. Ms., on the S. and E. by vacant land.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
First publication September 15, 1905.

ASSAYING 50 cts.

Pioneer Assaying Co.
157 Nev Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

95 per cent paid for Bullion Amalgam. Rich Ore, etc. Prompt returns. Mail or express. Chlorination & Cyanide Tests. Electrolytic determination of Ores and Metals. feb10-1y

ANDREW PICCARDO
Freighter and Teamster
Jackson Gate Road.

Freight bauled from Martell depot and other points at lowest rates. All parties wanting freight from Martell delivered promptly should have the same addressed in care of A. Piccardo, and send bills of lading care Peter Piccardo, Water St. se11

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp L.	Temp H.	Rain'l	Date.	Temp L.	Temp H.	Rain'l
Oct. 1(05)..	41	86		Oct. 17'05..	33	74	
2.....	41	90		18.....	32	76	
3.....	42	99		19.....	34	77	
4.....	45	92		20.....	35	82	
5.....	48	92		21.....	34	83	
6.....	46	84		22.....	34	80	
7.....	48	86		23.....	35	72	
8.....	44	80		24.....	33	78	
9.....	38	75		25.....	39	80	
10.....	39	84		26.....	38	83	
11.....	40	87		27.....	40	83	
12.....	42	88		28.....	42	82	
13.....	42	82		29.....	41	83	
14.....	39	83		30.....	39	72	
15.....	38	83		31.....	40	78	
16.....	34	74					

Total rainfall for season to date....00.21 inches
To corresponding period last season 4.17 "

LOCAL NEWS

All kinds of harness from $15 up at Pete Piccardo's.

Mrs. C. A. Derrick, organizer of Women of Woodcraft, is in Jackson in the interest of the order. A special meeting was called to meet Mrs. Derrick on Friday evening.

The new dynamo for the Zeila mine was installed Friday. The machinery will be run by electricity instead of water power, they are also installing the dynamo at the Argonaut this week.

The men, who have been engaged in taking up the pipes crossing Jackson creek about a quarter of a mile below town, finished their work Saturday, and will now continue their work in Sutter.

Morris Brinn, was a business visitor in Jackson Friday.

The member of the whist club were entertained by Miss Daly, on Friday last. The first prize was won by Mrs. Ernest Taylor, and the booby prize by Mrs. J. Storey.

Miss Lucy Forbes, who has been employed at the Vicini home, was taken ill with diphtheria Monday. The place has been placed in quarantine.

Miss Ella Welch of San Francisco is visiting the Devan family.

Mrs R. V. Mounter, who has been on a visit to her mother in England, and also visiting relatives in the eastern states, returned to her home on Sutter hill Sunday evening, after an absence of five months.

Four more cases of diphtheria are reported this week. The youngest child of Al Hambrio, Irving Nettle, and Fay Mello, the youngest child of John Mello and four-year old girl of C. P. Vicini, are the latest patients. They are all a light form of the disease.

Hugo Gobish, who has been in San Francisco for some time past, is visiting friends in Jackson.

Mrs C. C. Ginocchio and Cleve Jones returned from their trip to the city Sunday evening. They expect to open their place of business in a few days.

Herbert N. Bright left for Ogden Sunday morning, after a week's visit with his relatives.

F. F. Thomas, the well known superintendent of the Gwin mine, was a visitor in Jackson Sunday.

H. M. Peterson, while at work in the Oneida mine Monday morning, had the misfortune to have his left wrist badly cut by a piece of rock falling on it, necessitating treatment at the hands of a surgeon.

H. C. Garbarini, of the firm of Garbarini Bros., left for San Francisco Sunday morning on a business trip, returning Tuesday night.

Ruhser's Face Cream will cure those chapped lips.

Hallowe'en passed off more quietly than former years in Jackson. Some jokish pranks were indulged in by the fun-loving boys, who have to find some vent for the outlet of their mirthful qualities. A little innocent fun is enjoyed not only by the jokers, but also by the objects thereof. To the credit of the boys, however, be it said, there was a total absence of the serious and expensive jokes that have been indulged in the past.

Nothing will please an invalid as well as a package of those fancy cakes from Nettles' Mkt.

Dr. Leak is in receipt of a letter from his former partner, Dr. P. S. Goodman a medical practitioner of Sutter Creek, who went back to his home in Missouri some time ago, in which he states that he is sick, suffering with Bright's disease. The doctor, it will be remembered, was a heavy man, weighing about 240 pounds. His weight is now 135.

The local telephone Co. has rented the Brown building now occupied by Mr. White, the upholsterer, and will take possession as soon as vacated.

White Pine Cough Balsam will break up that cough, and cure your cold.

Geo. Barker, the carpenter, while working on a building owned by Geo. W. Brown last Monday fell from a ladder while carrying a sack of sand to the roof. He fell but a short distance, and in trying to save himself wrenched himself in some way, which necessitated a lay-off for a couple of days. He returned to work Wednesday.

The ladies' guild of St Augustine Episcopal church gave a Hallowe'en supper Wednesday evening in Odd Fellows' hall. It was a genuine New England feast, and heartily enjoyed by the liberal number of patrons.

The residence of Dr. Gall was released from quarantine early this week. The doctor and wife left Wednesday morning for the city for a two weeks' vacation.

Saturday special sale, ladies', men's misses' underwear, one day, read our ad. Jackson Shoe Store.

L. S. Kennedy, a tinsmith employed by Garbarini and Arata, on the new Taylor residence on Stump street, met with an accident Wednesday afternoon, by dropping molten solder in his face; but luckily escaped with a few minor burns. Some of the metal entered the right eye, but the wet surface caused it to drop without causing any material injury. He was engaged in putting up a cornice.

Additional Locals.

Mrs. Richtmyer is having a new pipe line laid in the alley leading from Broadway to J. A. Laughton's residence to supply the places thereabout with water.

When you wish the finest flavored coffees and teas, remember that W. J. Nettle keeps only the best.

Lee W. Maker, son of Mrs. Williams, and father of Chester Maker, the other victim of the Lancha Plana horror, is an attendant at the Murphy trial as a witness for the prosecution. Mr. Maker is car sealer of the Southern Pacific Company at Sacramento, which responsible position he has held for many years.

50 cent vest and drawers for 39 cents at Jackson Shoe Srore.

The shortage of water is begining to be felt by the mining interests. There was reported six feet of water in the Meadow lake dam. The upper ditch is running about 500 inches short of the usual full head; while the lower ditch is practically dry. The Mokelumne river is very low, and little fluid is being received from the natural water from this source. A good, heavy rain would quickly change this shortage to a full supply; but the advent of cold, freezing weather would be likely to continue the shortage of water.

Amateurs, can find a full line of supplies such as films, plates, paper of all sizes, and chemicals at Palmer's Kay's gallery.

In the interest of public health the public schools have closed, and the churches have been asked to do the same; hence Rev. C. E. Winning desires to announce that there will be no services of any kind in the Methodist church next Sunday, and that the church will be thoroughly fumigated before any further services are held.

G. B. Ratto, of San Francisco, who has been working on his quartz claim near Clinton, doing the annual assessment work, returned to his home in the city to-day.

Buy good goods at a low price Saturday, the Jackson Shoe Store has cut prices all to pieces for one day.

David Fisher jr. and a friend came up from Oakland in an automobile early this week. They proceeded as far as Pine Grove, and visited friends at that place, but on their way back to Jackson, the machine got out of order, and had to be fixed. The vehicle is a very fine one, and about the largest that has been up in this part of the country. On the way home, a freight team driven by a man named Patterson, was frightened near Mountain springs, ran away, and the driver was thrown out and injured, how badly we have not learned.

Mrs. Meehan, arrived home from San Francisco Wednesday evening, on account of the illness of her son-in law L. J. Fontenrose, who is very critically ill at present.

W. F. Detert arrived home Wednesday after a few days' visit in San Francisco.

John Boyle, the popluar commercial traveler, is in town in the interest of his firm.

Lemons, oranges, and bananas constantly on hand at Nettle's Mkt.

Peter Spagovich, employed on the Argonaut night shift, was hit about 3 a. m. Thursday morning by a piece of falling rock, cutting his face and lip severely. Dr. L. E. Phillips, who attended the injured man, was obliged to stitch the upper lip both inside and out, besides several stitches were taken in the wounded man's head.

R. Tadich, employed in soliciting orders for Redlick's store, while on his way to Volcano last Saturday, ran against a stump, and the buggy was capsized. Another rig was sent up to bring him home. He escaped without serious injury, but was considerably shaken up as a result of his expenence.

Mr. and Mrs. David Robinson moved to the Kennedy last Saturday.

Mrs. Lillie French last Monday, while working about her dwelling on Peek's addition, sustained a fall, which has since necessitated the use of crutches in getting around.

For horse blankets and everything in the saddle and harness line, see Piccardo's fine stock on Water street.

A game of baseball was played last Sunday on the local diamond between a juvenile nine of Jackson and a team from Mokelumne Hill. The outcome was the most disastrous defeat the town boys have sustained this season, the score being 9 to 0 in favor of the Hillites.

Henry Weil is still in the city, taking care of the business of his brother-in-law, who has been very sick with pneumonia.

White & Co, upholsterers, who have occupied the basement of the Brown building on Court street, as a repair shop, will vacate the premises at the end of the month, or as soon as other suitable quarters are secured. It is not the intention to move from Jackson, as a good business in that line has been established here. The Sunset Co., has leased the premises for a term of ten years, and will move central office therein some time this month.

San Francisco dealers are evidently trying to create a corner in the turkey business for the Thanksgiving trade. Agents are abroad in the turkey centers contracting with the farmers to take all the birds they have, at from 23 cents to 25 cents per pound. The high rates that have prevailed for several seasons past are likely to be eclipsed this year by the tactics of these would-be turkey-gobblers.

Oates the tailor will be in town to stay awhile, Nov. 10th. Complete new stock of woolens at prices that will knock out the hand-me-down business. You can have our raedy-mades at your own price, we shall clear them out, and stick to tailoring only—now we are operating our own workshop, and employing over sixty tailors with an up-to-date cutter from New York, we'll show you what we can do in tailoring—Bierce will treat you all right, call at the Jackson store.



New Soda Factory Building.

T. K. Norman is to have a new building for the soda factory, erected on the site of the old building, near the brewery. The excavating is about done, and the cribbing for the concrete basement will soon be up. The building is to be 36 x 26 feet in size, and one story and basement high. The sides and roof will be of corrugated iron, with rustic front. The machinery will be located in the basement. When completed it will be a handsome addition to Jackson's many business places. Lamb and Wishard, the local contractors, are doing the work.

Will Tunnel for Leak.

A short time ago the dam at the head of the Calaveras river, three miles above Railroad Flat, which supplies the Mokelumne Hill ditch and the Gwin mine with water, was raised to give a greater head, and a new flume put in about eighty feet below the old one. The old flume was bulkheaded, but continues to leak, despite all efforts to stop it. The ditch company have had a force of men on the job for some time. S. G. Garbarini, of the firm of Garbarini Bros., will go to the scene of operations in a few days, and about twenty five men will be employed in an effort to discover the leak, by tunneling along the old flume.

School Closed.

The Jackson public school was closed Tuesday morning, on account of the prevalence of diphtheria. It was found on the assembling of the scholars Monday morning, that the presence of this complaint was having a very material effect upon the attendance. The roll of pupils was over 120 short of the regular attendance. When, therefore, several new cases were announced on that day, it was decided by the trustees to discontinue school for the present. Consequently the children, who gathered Tuesday morning were dismissed without tuition, and told there would be no school until further notice. There were some who were opposed to the closing of school, deeming that there was no more danger in the schoolroom than on the streets. But the diminished attendance was conclusive that a large number of the parents thought otherwise, and hence the school was closed.

Plymouth Boy Dies At Placerville.

James Dohman, a native of Plymouth, this county, died Saturday, October 28, at Placerville, El Dorado conuty, of consumption. He was a young man of promise, and his taking away in the flush of early manhood—being only 23 years of age—has cast a gloom over his many friends in this county. The funeral took place on last Monday, in Plymouth. The services were under the auspices of Plymouth Parlor No. 48, N. S. G. W. The sorrowing relatives have the sympathy of the entire comunity.

Ladies' 75 cent vests and drawers Saturday for 50 cents each, Jackson Shoe Store.

Give us daily some good bread. Pioneer flour makes the best.

Died of Pneumonia.

Thomas Culbert, the youngest brother of county clerk C. L. Culbert, died in Amador City, on Monday morning last of pneumonia, after an illness of several weeks. He was twenty one years of age, and a very promising young man. His untimely death is deeply deplored by a large circle of friends. The funeral took Wednesday, from the home of his mother in Amador City, under the auspices of Keystone Parlor No 173, N. S. G. W. Revs. Tuson and Baker also officiating.

Barn Burned.

Last night about 10.30 p. m. a barn belonging to Fortunato Moglinoni, on the old Pernolet ranch beyond Jackson Gate, was discovered to be on fire. Prompt action saved the live stock, but the building, together with contents, was a total loss. The structure contained about thirty tons of hay, wagon, harness and farming implements. The building and contents wore valued at about $850. Mr. Moglinoni carried $350 insurance in the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company, with L. J. Fontenrose, on the building alone, the contents being uninsured. The cause of the fire is unknown.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe; 10, 25 and 50 cents per box. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address 433

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

The Lancha Plana Murder Case.

Clarence Murphy on Trial

The trial of Clarence Murphy, charged with the murder of Mrs. Phoebe A. Williams in Lancha Plana on the night of June 11, was commenced in the superior court last Monday morning. The town was filled with trial jurors and witnesses subpoened on both sides. Probably never in the history of the county has so many witnesses appeared in a criminal trial. The number of witness for the defense, from outside the county, is in excess of one hundred. Many of those, it is said, know nothing whatever of the merits of the case, but have been brought here probably as witness on character.

The prosecution is represented by district attorney Vicini alone; and the defendent's case is conducted by W. R. Jacobs, an attorney from Stockton.

Defendant's wife, daughter of W. Crail of Lancha Plana, was present in the court room from the commencement of the trial; also a brother of the defendant was inside the rail. Altogether five or six brothers have been brought here for the defense.

The first day was consumed in the effort to secure a jury of impartial and unprejudiced men to try the case. The questions propounded by the attorney for the defense, touching their qualifications as jurors, were very searching. The outcome of Monday's proceeding was the securing of five jurors, who were sworn in to try the case. This was the result of the examination of only 12 talesmen, most of whom were excused for cause, three premptoriiy.

On Tuesday the selection of the jury was resumed, and at the adjournment of court on that day four more jurors had been secured, making nine, with about sixty names in the original venire left from which to select the remaining jurors.

On Wednesday morning the work of getting the jury was completed. Between 40 and 50 talesman were examined in the process of securing the jury, and most of those rejected were peremptorily excused by one side or the other. The jury sworn to try the case is composed of the following named persons, S. J. Pearce, W. S. Alford, Geo. Chisholm, Chas H. Courrier, E. C. McCormick, Myron S. Matson, T. Bloom, Geo C. Keffer, John Rader, John Andrews, T. J. Hightower, G. C. Jennings.

Mrs. Annie Yoak and L. W. Maker were the first witnesses called. Their testimony was to the effect that the murdered woman, was Phoebe A. Williams, their mother. Deceased was 76 years old, and had reisded in Lancha Plana 45 years.

Alonzo Murphy, brother of the defendant, was called and testified about a certain horse—a black stallion weighing about 700 lbs—which animal is believed to have been used by defendant and Swearingen in driving to and from the Murphy ranch on the night of the murder. Witness testified that he resided at Clements. Swearingen worked for him, and left his employ on the Friday preceding the murder. Defendant and Swearingen left his ranch together. They took the team to Lockford. Defendant returned, but Swearingen did not, as he stated he was going to San Francisco to get his head fixed, he being rather hard of hearing. Witness drove the horse to Clements on the night following the murder, to get a doctor, as his wife was sick; he remarked to the doctor that the horse seemed sick. Witness found two photographs in the manger of his barn, and the next day he telephoned to sheriff Norman, but could not get him; he then telephoned to constable Kelley of Ione, who met him at Wallace; defendant was with him at the time he telephoned to the sheriff. Swearingen returned to the Murphy ranch on June 12, and remained there nutil arrested.

L. W. Maker was called and identified the photographs as those of his half sister, Miss Carrie Williams.

Mrs. Annie Murphy, wife of defendant, was sworn, but was objected to on the ground that a wife cannot testify against her husband, and the objection was sustained.

Dr. Endicott testified that he and Dr. A. M. Gall held an autopsy upon the body of Mrs. Williams. He found her lying on her back, with three wounds in her neck, inflicted with a knife or other sharp instrument; either one of two of the wounds would cause death, the other would not in itself have caused death. One wound severed the windpipe—one under the chin about four inches to left, below left ear. Body was partly dressed; did not have a suit of under wear on.

Norman Stidson: Resided at Stockton; acquainted with defendant, also with Mrs. Williams in her life time. Chester Maker was a frequent visitor at Stidson's home; he and defendant Murphy had batched together; young Maker was short, heavy set, wieghed about 145 lbs.; witness lived in Lancha Plana about four years; used to fish in the evening in May and June; road from Lancha Plana to Camanche was rolling and mountainous; pipe line is about a mile below Laucha Plana.

Mr Leiditer: Lived at Clements, in employ of Southern Pacific; had known A. Murphy 15 years, and was at the Murphy home on 12th June, 1905; knew the Murphy stallion, it was a kind, high strung, nervous animal, willing and a good roadster; saw the horse on the morning of June 12; paid no particular attention to it, it seemed very quiet; did not notice that the horse had been ill used.

Samuel E Swearingen, the star witness for the prosecution, was next called. Lived in California since the 18th July, 1904; saw Clarence Murphy last November; worked at the Murphy ranch two or three months; left there the 9th day of June last; made a confession to being an accomplice in the mruder of Mrs Williams on the 5th of July to Sheriff Norman, in the presence of C. L. Culbert, H. E. Kay, and district attorney Vicini, in the district attorney's office; it was freely and voluntarily made, nothing was offered or promised him if he confessed. The first conversation with defendant on the subject was on the day of the crime; he was going after his wife, and asked him about making $8000 or $10000; kept it up on the road to Lockford; witness left Murphy place on the 9th June, went to Stockton, to Clements, to Lockford; took with him the clothes he had on then and have on now; left a knife, writing paper and other little things on the ranch; the knife produced he identified as the one he left at A. Murphy's. Murphy told him to go to the Western hotel, Sacramento, room 22; was there on the 10th June, never above the first floor: was to go to the hotel and register his name for room 22, to prove an ailbi that he was there Sunday night; another man was to be sent to occupy the room in his stead: did not engage a room but stayed around awhile and bought a cigar. Went to Lockford on 10th, stayed there until 12 o'clock; took train and went to Stockton; stayed there until Saturday, then went to Sacramento, stayed there until Saturday evening; went from there to to Lodi, got there at six o'clock; then went to Alonzo Murphy's place about 9 o'clock; went to the haystack; met defendant there about 11 o'clock, who brought him something to eat; waited there until defendant came with a horse and cart and grub—meat, bread and five or six dried onions; took him up to a culvert across the road where the roads separate from Camanche to Lancha Plana; got out of the cart there; defendant told him to go to the pipe line and stay there until defendant came: met a rig driven by Jennie Genava, the woman had on a light waist, driving two horses; met them before he got to pipe line, did not meet any one else; defendant came with the little two wheel cart and bay stallion; got in the cart, defendant driving; he kept hitting the horse to keep him from squealing, hitched the horse in the brush, and put the cart in a hole or depression on reaching the pipe line, and the two walked to the Williams home in Lancha Plana; defendant told him to stay outside, that he would get Chester out and try to make him tell where the old lady's money was, and then he would come back; told him to stay under a tree and keep watch. Saw door open and defendant and Chester Maker went down to river; he was gone about thirty minutes; when he returned he went into the house, and was walking around the house with Mrs Williams; heard her crying as if some person was leading her; he was inside about 30 minutes. When he came out, he said he got nothing, but there was no one left to tell tales. On trip homeward they washed hands when they came to the ditch. Witness went to push the cart out from where it was left, and defendant told him not to do that, as it would make tracks. Got the horse hitched up, and drove through Camanche, drove slow through Camanche, but defendant kept the horse, at a rapid pace other parts of the journey, so as to reach ranch before daylight; witness went to hay barn, and stayed there all day, and after 9 o'clock that night; defendant brought grub to him; tied two buggy lines together, and drew the lard cans up; saw C. N. Duffy round the barn that Monday morning; asked defendant why he could not find money, and he said Chester did not know where it was. Defendant promised that if he were arrested, he and his brother would spend all they had to clear him, but they did not keep their word, so he squealed; defendant did not send a man to Sacramento to occupy the room as agreed. Was arrested June 23, by Sheriff Norman, J. E. Kelley and another man whose name he did not know; defendant intended to leave his wife and go with Swearingen to Indian Territory; witness' assumed name was Horace Love; had enlisted in army, and deserted, changed his name when he deserted; went to Williams' house between 12 and 1 o'clock on nigth of June 11. Murphy told him he had his (witness') knife. Striped pants produced were recognized as same worn by Murphy that night; defendant gave knife to his wife; she washed it, and he returned it to the place where he found it; while in hiding before the murder, he left some onions and paper.

He was subjected to a rigid cross-examination; but he stuck to his story in all its essential points. He would be 26 years old on the 12th January next; was a native of Chataqua, Indian Territory; went under two names, S. Swearingen and Horace Love; never inquired for mail in any other name; had no certain occupation; enlisted in Talhassee, deserted from army 14th or 15th November, and went to Stockton; was in Lancha Plana for first time on Christmas night; was afraid defendant would kill him if he inquired in regard to the killing of the old lady, and if he accused him of the deed; went to Lancha Plana last March to cut wood; lived at Wilson Crail's place two or three weeks; knew Chester Maker well; a close friendship existed between them; knew Mrs Williams by sight; heard defendant and others say that she had money; was in good health on the 9th of June, same as now; went to work for Alonzo Murphy as a farm hand just before the picnic at Clements; M. Duffy worked there after 9th of June; went to San Francisco not knowing whether he would return or not; had handled the bay stallion, had driven him; was familiar about the place of A. Murphy; never heard persons fishing in Mokelumne river on June 12th; heard people passing on the road; stayed about 40 yards above road, kept near pipe line the day the murder was committed, he had visited the William's home at different times; had been there and stole chickens in the month of April. Clarence Murphy told him he had counted Mrs. William's money, as she trusted him; Witness was persuaded into it, it was a number of days before he was persuaded; told defendant the day before Clements picnic that he would not rob her, and defendant said he would rob her without hurting her; he (Swearingen) did not want to see her hurt.

Defendant's attorney questioned Love or Swearingen, in regards to time of killing Swearingen, testified that it was between 12 and 1 o'clock Monday morning, and why was Chester Maker and Mrs Williams dressed at that time of night, when they were supposed to be in bed and asleep.

He answered that Chester Maker got up and went with Murphy to the river, that he did not know why Mrs. Williams was dressed.

Swearingen is still on the stand today, under cross-examination, which so far has failed to rattle him in the least. The rest of his testimony will be given next week.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application)

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED Toronto, Canada

The Sign of the Fish

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

351

PINE GROVE.

A heavy storm occurred here on Tuesday of this week—of leaves. No damage done.

Walt Davis and wife have returned to Pine Grove, after a prosperous season in the mountain.

Frank Ludikens moved his family over on the ditch, where he is employed at the present time.

Mrs. L. C. Hyner moved from the Wooster home to the Dennison house this week. Mr. Wooster expects to occupy his home this winter.

Our village presented a lively appearance on Sunday, by the arrival of an automobile from Oakland, bound for the Wieland mine, occupied by a mining expert. Rumor says they are going to put up a new hoist, and sink 200 feet immediately, on the Edinburg mine.

A. Jones made a business trip to Stockton, returning several days ago.

The young ladies of the Junior Aid gave a novel entertainment on Hallow'en eve, which was enjoyed by a good crowd of fun loving people. It proved a success socially and financially. Much credit is due the young ladies.

Work is being pushed ahead at the Mitchell mine getting ready for the coming storms. Alpha.

AMADOR.

Lawrence A. White, of this town, who has been visiting his friend, Seymour Hill of Diamond Springs, Calaveras county, for a few days, returned Tuesday, after an enjoyable trip. There are a few quail left in Calaveras.

The Keystone has a number of men at work retimbering the shaft. They are also covering in the sides of the boiler house so as to be ready for the autumn rains.

Sunday being "change day" at the Keystone all hands are expecting a lay-off on that day.

Miss Amelia Isola, who has been seriously ill at her home on Water street for the past two weeks, is rapidly improving, and will be able to be about the first of the week.

Mrs. Bunker, sister of Mr. Culbert, arrived from Arizona Tuesday evening.

Rev. McCreary presiding elder, will hold services at the M. E. church Wednesday evening.

Rally day services will be held by the Sunday School on Sunday, Nov. 5th.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUTTER CREEK.

The Sunset Telegraph and Telephone Company have a force of line men renewing poles and wires in this town.

Supervisor Fraser has men and teams repairing the roads in the fourth district.

At the junction of Main and Hanford streets, at the mouth of the Wildman mine, road supervisor D. A. Fraser, and a force of men are busy putting in a cement and steel culvert over Gopher creek. The culvert is thirty feet long, six feet high, and six and one-half feet wide on the bottom. The sides are cement and the arch quarter-inch steel. This is the second culvert to be put in over this creek, the other one being on Broadway. The cost was $300 each, or $600 in all. While the initial cost is higher than a timber structure, it is a wise step, as the new culverts will last far beyond the present generation.

The Sutter Creek Social Club, an organization of some seventy members, gave a very enjoyable dance in Levaggi hall last Saturday night. About one hundred couples were on the floor, and the evening was given to mirth and music, while the homegoing came all too soon to the happy dancers. Visitors were present from Jackson, Amador City, Volcano and Ione.

Miss Mary Tibbitts will entertain the Chafists tonight at her reisdence on Main street. Whist and "Five hundred" will be the program for the evening. At the close of the evening's playing a chafing dish supper will be served. A unique feature of the supper is that no preparations are made beforehand. The hostess, with her four invited guests, as well as the attending club members, all take part in preparing the refreshments. The Chafists are also planning a "gentleman's evening," which will take place early in December.

THE JACKSON SHOE STORE.

JACKSON SHOE STORE

Saturday Special Sale

(ONE DAY)

Ladies', Misses' Men's and Boys' Underwear. Big cut in prices. Read the following Price List. You cannot buy this grade of goods, at these prices, in Jackson or any other town.

Good Goods, All Sizes and New

Ladies Underwear

25c Ladies' Knit Vests, only	19c
25c Ladies' Knit Pants, only	19c
50c Ladies' Knit Vest, only	38c
50c Ladies' Knit Pants, only	38c
75c Part Wool Vest, only	50c
75c Part Wool Pants, only	50c
$1.00 Ladies' All-Wool Vest	83c
$1.00 Ladies' All-Wool Drawers	83c
$1.25 Ladies' All-Wool Vest	$1.05
$1.25 Lalies' All-Wool Drawers	$1.05
$1.50 Ladies' All-Wool Vest	$1.25
$1.50 Ladies' All-Wool Drawers	$1.25
$1.50 Union Suits, only	$1.24

Men's Underwear

75c Blue Cotton Rib Shirts	39c
75c Blue Cotton Rib Drawers	39c
$1.00 Wool Shirts, only	88c
$1.25 All-Wool Shirts	$1.00
$1.25 All-Wool Drawers	$1.00
$1.50 Cooper's Rib Shirts	$1.25
$1.50 Cooper's Rib Drawers	$1.25

Boy's Underwear

25c Cotton Knit Vest, only	20c
25c Cotton Knit Drawers	20c
35c Fleeced Shirts, Shirts	28c
35c Fleeced Drawers, only	28c
50c Fleeced Shirts, only	39c
50c Fleeced Drawers, only	39c

Misses' Underwear

25c Knit Vest, Saturday	20c
25c Knit Drawers, Saturday	20c
50c Wool Vest, Saturday	39c
50c Knit Pants, Wool, Saturday	39c
75c Wool Knit Vest, Saturday	58c
75c Wool Knit Pants, Saturday	58c
35c Union Suit, Saturday	19c
50c Union Suit, Saturday	39c
75c Union Suit, Saturday	59c

These prices are good for Saturday only; don't come to buy on Monday at these prices.

REGULATORS OF LOW PRICES

MINING NOTES.

Kennedy—This big mine, by far the largest mining enterprise conducted by one company in Amador county, moves smoothly on. The 100 stamp mill crushes an average of some thing like 450 tons per day—between four and five tons to the stamp. The rock for the mill is taken from the 2100 level to the 2700 level—the lowest yet opened. And there is an abundance of ore in sight. The company has been paying from five to ten cents dividends per month, but little is reported about these disbursements to the stockholders, as the stock is not dealt in to any extent on the exchange.

Champion—Josiah Champion, the owner of this mine, situated in Hunt's gulch, came up from Oakland last Friday, on a visit of inspection. An old shaft about 50 feet deep, which had not been worked since early days, was unwatered, and quartz of very high grade was discovered at the bottom. Mr. Champion left Sunday morning. He expects to interest parties to work the property.

Has Stood the Test 25 Years.

The old, original Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. You know what you are taking. It is iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 50c.

Get your amateur supplies at Palmer's; films, plates and paper of all sizes.

UNION HOUSE

Jackson, Amador Co.

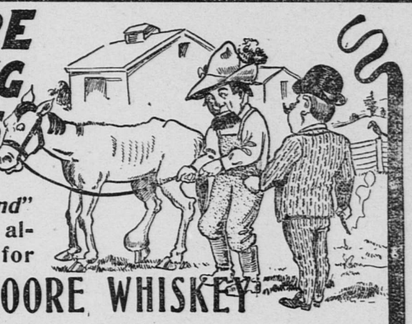
Meals to Order at all Hours

—REGULAR MEALS 25 CTS.—

Board and Lodging by the Day, Week or Month.

Frank Simcich - - jel9 - - Prop

YOU'RE TAKING CHANCES



if you buy "any old kind" of whiskey; always ask for

JESSE MOORE WHISKEY

the old reliable brand.

E. MARRE & BROS., Agents.

$20,000 Stock to Select From

Men's Clothing, Hats, Neckwear and Shoes Ladies' and Children's Wear of all Kinds

WE ALSO HAVE FULL LINE

Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Trimmings, Laces and Embroidery, Ladies' and Children's Shirt Waists, Wrappers, Skirts, Leather Goods, Toilet Articles, Ladies' and Children's Neckwear of all kinds, Notions.

AGENT FOR CELEBRATED

Walkover, Otz & Dunn, R. P. Reid and Napa-Tan Shoes; the famous R. & G. Corset, the Centemeri Glove and Butterick's Patterns.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Sutter Creek **Show's Cash Store** Amador Co.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

OF SACRAMENTO.

Corner Fourth and J Sts.

Paid depositors for the year 1904-5, 4 per cent on TERM DEPOSITS, 3 per cent on ORDINARY DEPOSITS

Accepts deposits in sums from ONE DOLLAR and upward.

Guaranteed Capital.....$410,000
Paid Up Capital and Reserve.. 350.500
Assets.....1,845,500

Send Draft, P O. Order, or Wells-Fargo Order and we will send pass book.

——Money to Loan on Real Estate——

WM. BECKMAN, PRES.
Geo. W. Lorenz, Cashier. sep30

BANK OF AMADOR COUNTY

Incorporated November, 1895

Capital Stock : : : $50,000

President.....Alfonse Ginocchio
Vice-President.....S. G. Spagnoli
Secretary and Cashier.....Frederick Eudey

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Alfonse Ginocchio, S. G. Spagnoli, John Ströhm, Frederick Eudey and Alex Eudey of Jackson.

SAFE DEPOSIT —Safe deposit boxes can be rented from the Bank of Amador County at the small expense of 35 cents a month, thereby securing you against any possible loss from fire or otherwise. Don't overlook this opportunity of protecting your valuables.

SAVE MONEY—Patronize a home institution. Send money away through the Bank of Amador County; you will save 10 per cent and upward over postoffice or express. Money sent to all parts of the United States and also all parts of the world. We have the latest quotations on foreign exchange.

SAVE MONEY—It doesn't cost anything to deposit money in the Bank of Amador County. They receive deposits from $5 up. Commence the new year by opening up a bank account. A man or woman with a bank account has a financial standing. Don't bury your money; when you die it can't be found and you are liable to be robbed while alive.

Globe Hotel

NEW MANAGEMENT.

MRS. ANNIE HURST....Prop'r

RATES FROM $1 TO $2 A DAY

Meals from 25c to 50c.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.

All Stages stop at this hotel.

JACKSON.....CAL.
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J. GHIGLIERI & BRO.

Cosmopolitan Liquor Store

JACKSON GATE, CAL.

Dealers and Jobbers in foreign and domestic

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

SELECTED stock of Imported Goods. Choice California Wines, popular brands Eastern and Domestic Beers; special bottling.

Havana, Key West and New York Cigars.

Bourbon, Rye, Sweet and Sour Mash Whiskies of celebrated distilleries. ja2 1y

VANDERPOOL
THE HARNESS MAKER

Plymouth, Cal.

Can Make or Repair your HARNESS in an up-to-date workmanlike manner.

He carries all kind of Harness and supplies in the line. Also,

Buggies, Carriages & Carts

Carriage Trimming a specialty. ja22

Mitchell and Saroni Were Found Guilty.

In San Andreas last Sunday at 2 a. m. the jury in the case of the People vs. W. T. Mitchell and Fred Saroni, after being out nine hours, brought in a verdict of guilty as charged with the blowing up and destroying with dynamite the Angels quartz mine, owned by James V. Coleman of this town.

The defendants were foreman and shift boss of the mine, and learning that the foreman was to be discharged and a new foreman substituted, they out of spite destroyed portions of the mine on May 31st. On June 3rd the two men were arrested upon the confession of Charles Holmes, who had helped them in the work, but had got frightened and turned State's evidence.

At the time of the preliminary examination Soroni and Mitchell did not deny their guilt, but contended that they were only guilty of malicious mischief, and not a felony. They were held to answer to the superior court, bond being placed at $5000. Saroni furnished bond; Mitchell however was unable to do so, and tried to get a writ of habeas corpus, which was denied by both the superior court and the court of appeals. The two men will receive their sentence next week. The penalty in a case of this kind is not less than one year, and as high as the judge wants to set it, even to life imprisonment, in State's prison.—Angels Record.

Curious Card Shows Age.

Let any person under 64 years of age point out all the columns in which his age is found. Add together the numbers at the head of these columns, and the sum will be his age:

A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.
1	2	4	8	16	32
3	3	5	9	17	33
5	6	6	10	18	34
7	7	7	11	19	35
9	10	12	12	20	36
11	11	13	13	21	37
13	14	14	14	22	38
15	15	15	15	23	39
17	18	20	24	24	40
19	19	21	25	25	41
21	22	22	26	26	42
23	23	23	27	27	43
25	26	28	28	28	44
27	27	29	29	29	45
29	30	30	30	30	46
31	31	31	31	31	47
33	34	36	40	48	48
35	35	37	41	49	49
37	38	38	42	50	50
39	39	39	43	51	51
41	42	44	44	52	52
43	43	45	45	53	53
45	46	46	46	54	54
47	47	47	47	55	55
49	50	52	56	56	56
51	51	53	57	57	57
53	54	54	58	58	58
55	55	55	59	59	59
57	58	60	60	60	60
59	59	61	61	61	61
61	62	62	62	62	62
63	63	63	63	63	63

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded postpaid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Call and see the immense new stock at Pete Piccardo's.

NOTICE.

The Ione high school will open on Sept. 4, 1905, and it is expected that there will be a large attendence from Amador, Sutter Creek, and Jackson on account of the very liberal commutation tickets issued by the Ione and Eastern Railroad Company to pupils and teachers. The company has issued monthly round trip tickets at the extremely low figure of $10 per month from Martells, and $15 per month from Amador, Sutter Creek, and Jackson. aug. 25 tf.

Bad Indeed.

Losing flesh is indeed a bad sign. Take Scott's Emulsion for it. For weak indigestion, for defective nourishment, for consumption, take Scott's Emulsion. It restores flesh because it strikes to the cause of the loss.

DON'T BE HYPNOTISED,

Hoodwinked, hoodooed, or over-persuaded into accepting a substitute for Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription with its record of nearly 40 years, embracing hundreds of thousands of cures of woman's peculiar ailments. It's the only remedy for woman's ills sold by druggists, that is not full of "booze"—poor whisky, or bad alcohol.

A guarantee of $1000 is offered that "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, opium or other harmful drug. Keeps in any climate.

"Favorite Prescription" is a powerful invigorating tonic, and imparts strength to the whole system and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

It's an insult to your intelligence for a dealer to attempt to palm off upon you an alcoholic *substitute* for this world-famed medicine. You *know* what you want. It's his business to *meet that want.* When he urges some *substitute* he's thinking of the larger profit he'll make—not of your welfare.

$50,000 GIVEN AWAY, in copies of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book that sold to the extent of 500,000 copies a few years ago, at $1.50 per copy. Last year we gave away $30,000 worth of these invaluable books. This year we shall give away $50,000 worth of them. Will **you** share in this benefit? If so, send only 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only for book in stiff paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



If out of health, write to old Dr. Pierce. He will send you good, fatherly, professional advice without charge.

Pierce's Pleasant Pellets These sugar-coated little Pellets are the smallest, the easiest to take, and the easiest in the way they act. No griping, no violence, no disturbance to the system, diet or occupation. They are the Original Little Liver Pills, first put up by old Dr. R. V. Pierce, over 40 years ago. They have been much **imitated** but **never** equaled.

They come in vials, always fresh and reliable: a convenient vest-pocket remedy.

A Lesson on Blood Circulation.

The Kansas papers tell how a school teacher was giving his pupils a lesson regarding the circulation of the blood. "If I stand on my head, by way of illustration, the blood rushes to my head, doesn't it?" Nobody contradicted him. "Now," he continued, "when I stand on my feet, why doesn't the blood rush from my feet?" "Because," answered a daring youth, "your feet ain't empty."

But Few Are Free.

But few people are entirely free from indigestion at this season of the year. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is not only the best remedy to use because it digests what you eat, but also because it enables the digestive apparatus to assimilate and transform all foods into tissue building blood. Kodol relieves sour stomach, heart burn, belching, and all forms of indigestion. Sold by City Pharmacy.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

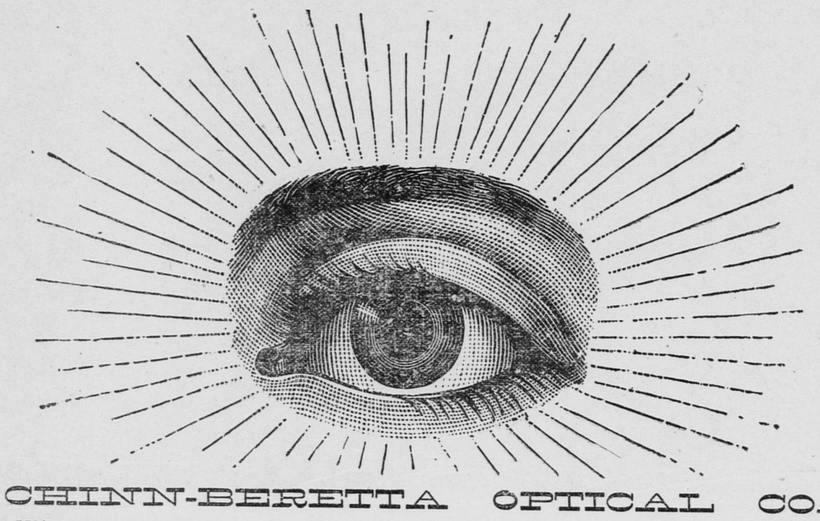
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

"Realty syndicate," Continental B & L Stock. Certificates and stock of above companies redeemed for cash. Full cash price. Geo. D. Shadburne Jr, 512 Call Building, San Francisco. s ep8-tf

One Day Only.

Don't Miss this Chance to Have Your

Eyes Examined Free.



CHINN-BERETTA OPTICAL CO.,

Who have Stores in San Francisco, Oakland and Stockton.

OUR PRACTICE is limited to the Eye exclusively.

WE ESPECIALLY wish persons, when other opticians have failed to satisfy, to call and get examined free.

OUR REFERENCES are over five hundred satisfied spectacle wearers in Amador County, and over one hundred thousand satisfied spectacle wearers in California.

OUR PRICES. Being manufacturers, no optician can make glasses for lower prices than we can.

OUR VISITS are made regularly about every six weeks.

At Boydston's Pharmacy, Jackson, ONE DAY ONLY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16th.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.

RICHARD WEBB

United States Commissione

JACKSON, AL.

Will attend to Homestead and other filings; taking of final proofs and all other Land Business.

Deeds and other legal documents drawn up. Agent for Phoenix Assurance Company of London, and Washington Providence Fire Insurance Companies. je22tf

AMADOR LEDGER & WEEKLY CHICAGO INTER-OCEAN

$2.50 PER YEAR

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also. If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

PIONEER FLOUR IS PERFECTION

Made From SELECTED WHEAT
Blended According to Our Own Formula
Producing Perfect Results and
Bread Divinely Fair and Feathery Light
Sweet to the Palate's Touch and
Snowy White

——PIONEER FLOUR MILLS, SACRAMENTO——

FINE ASSORTMENT OF——TEA AND COFFEE

WM. J. NETTLE

Central Market

Fancy Groceries, Fresh Fruits, Vegetables. Fresh Fish Every Thursday and Friday

North Main Street——Jackson, Cal.

G. X. WENDLING, President
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H. NATHAN, Secretary & Treas.

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LONG AND LARGE TIMBERS A SPECIALTY

Rooms:
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SAN FRANCISCO.
Telephone:
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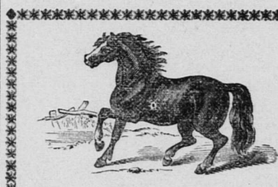
WENDLING LUMBER CO. WHOLESALE LUMBER AND ITS PRODUCTS (Incorporated)

Lumber Phone 19

Oregon Pine, Cedar and Redwood Lumber
Rough or Worked

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WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE MINER'S REQUIREMENTS IN MINING LUMBER AND TIMBER. Delivered to any destination desired.



——ENTERPRISE——

LIVERY & STABLE

O'NEILL & PODESTA, PROP'S.

Transient Customers given the very best of attention.

Telegraph and Telephone Orders Promptly Attended to. Phone Main 383.

Four-in-Hands, Surreys, Pole and Single Buggies, Saddle Horses.

MAIN STREET, JACKSON - - - CAL.

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CITY MEAT MARKET

GEO. L. THOMAS & CO.)

Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Lamb, Hams, Corned Beef, Lard, Bacon, Etc.

At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

L. OETTINGER S. N. KNIGHT

KNIGHT & CO.

Foundry and Machine Shop

Sutter Creek, Cal.

BUILDERS OF WATER WHEELS OF latest and most approved patterns, and all kinds of sheet iron pipe. Every description of mining and milling machinery made at the shortest notice. We desire to call the attention of blacksmiths and other workers in iron to the fact that we keep constantly on hand a large and complete stock of bar, refined and Norway iron, gas pipe, gas fittings, etc., which we will sell at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

UNITED STATES MAIL

Daily Stage Line

Between Jackson, Pine Grove and Volcano.

T. A. MARSINO - PROPRIETOR

Leaves Jackson daily at 5:30 p. m. Arrives at Pine Grove about 7:30 p. m, and at Volcano about 8:30 p. m.

Makes connection with the stage leaving Volcano for Defender every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Leaves Volcano daily at 4 a. m., arriving at Pine Grove at 5 a. m., and Jackson at 7 a. m.

Makes through connection to or from San Francisco the same day.

Best service in Amador County. Prompt delivery of packages a specialty.

FARE—Jackson to Volcano $1.50; Jackson to Pine Grove $1.00. Round trip to Volcano $2.50.

OFFICES—National Hotel, Jackson, and Postoffices Pine Grove and Volcano. mar5

TO THE UNFORTUNATE



DR. GIBBON

This old reliable and themost successful specialist in San Francisco still continues to cure all Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Ghonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, and Loss of Manhood, the consequence of self abuse and excess producing the following symptoms: Sallow countenance dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the limbs and back, loss of memory, pimples on the face, coughs, consumption, etc.

DR. GIBBON has practiced in San Francisco over 40 years, and those troubled should not fail to consult him and receive the benefit of his great skill and experience. The doctor cures when others fail. Try him. Cures guaranteed. Persons cured at home. Charges reasonable. Call or write

DR. J. F. GIBBON, 629 Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal.

Tam & Marenzi

MINERS.....
HEADQUARTERS

Everything in the line of Wearing Apparel used by a Miner can be found at our Store

GENTS' FURNISHINGS A SPECIALTY

And our prices are as low as the lowest.

Sole Agents for the Mercantile Tailoring Co. of Chicago.

MAIN STREET - - JACKSON

J. H. LANGHORST

Main Street, Jackson

Dealer in——

AMERICAN WATCHES, CLOCKS JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE

All goods warranted as represented

Repairing of watches, Clocks and jewelry a specialty.

E. MARRE & BRO.

Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Imported and Domestic

Wines * Liquors * Cigars

JACKSON.....CAL.

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR J. F. MARtell Cognac, Moet & Chaudon, White Seal and Private Cuvee Champagne; Morgan Bros., Puerto de Santa Maria Sherries; Royal Wine Company, Oporto, Port Wines; Dubos Freres, Bordeaux, Clarets and Sauternes; CANADIAN CLUB WHISKY, Hiram Walker & Sons, Limited, Walkerville, Ontario, Canada; John de Kuyper & Zoon, Cotterdam, Gin; Gilka Kuemmel, from J. A. Gilka, Berlin; Bartholomay Brewery Company, Rochester, N. Y., Knickerbocker Beer; Dogshead Brand of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale (bottled by Read Bros., London); Cantrell & Cochrane, Belfast, Ginger Ale; Naglee Brandy; Reimported American Whiskies.

ALL kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office; also deeds mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor and other legal blanks kept for sale.

VOTING COUPON.

$.....

Ledger Scholarship Contest

.....votes for

.....

For 6 months' free tuition and $100 for expenses in Stockton Business College, offered by Amador Ledger.

Three months subscription, 75c, 50 votes. Six months, $1.25, 100 votes; one year $2.50, 250 votes; two years, $5.00, 600 votes, and so on in same ratio.

Contest closes Nov 7, at noon.

.....Subscriber



Visit DR. JORDAN'S Great Museum of Anatomy

1021 MARKET ST. bet. 6th & 7th, S. F. Cal.

The Largest of its kind in the World.

We are continually adding new specimens. Come and learn how wonderfully you are made and how to avoid sickness and disease. If you suffer from any of the ills of men, come to the oldest Specialist on the Pacific Coast,

DR. JORDAN-PRIVATE DISEASES

Consultation free and strictly private. Treatment personally or by letter. SYPHILIS thoroughly eradicated from the system without using Mercury.

EVERY MAN applying to us will receive our honest opinion of his complaint.

We will Guarantee a POSITIVE CURE in every case we undertake, or forfeit One Thousand Dollars. Write for Book—Philosophy of Marriage, MAILED FREE. (A valuable book for men.)

DR. JORDAN & CO., 1051 Market St. S. F.

LEDGER VOTING CONTEST

—FOR—

FREE Scholarships

—FOR THE—

STOCKTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE



There ars deserving and ambitious young men and women who desire to take a commercial business course in some reputable educational institution such as the

STOCKTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

The cost of such a course sometimes stands in the way. The Ledger has made arrangements to furnish free two scholarships in the following manner:

To the candidate receiving the highest number of votes will be given scholarship No. 171, which entitles the holder to instruction in any course for a term not to exceed six months, together with the sum of $100 in cash for the expense of board lodging, etc., the total value of which is $165.

To the candidate receiving the next highest vote certificate No 172, will be awarded and this will entitle the holder to instruction in any course for a term not to exceed six months—value, $65.00.

RULES OF CONTEST.

Any person in Amador county is eligible to enter the contest at any time while it is in progress, except one already awarded a scholarship.

The following votes will be allowed on cash subscriptions to the Ledger.

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For six months subscription to the Ledger, paid in advance, 100 votes.

For one year's subscription to the Ledger, paid in advance, 250 votes.

For two years' subscription to the Ledger, paid in advance, 600 votes.

The votes will be recorded weekly and the state of poll published in these columns.

To the person receiving the highest number of votes will be awarded the first prize. The person securing the next highest number will be awarded the second prize.

By paying up arrears old subscribers will be allowed to receive coupons for the subscription the same as paid in advance subscribers.

The coupon attached may be used in voting for candidates, when accompanied by subscription. Single votes will not be counted: nothing less than 50 for 3 month's subscription—75c, Blank coupons may also be had at the Ledger office, by candidates canvassing for subscription or persons desiring to subscribe, but will not be sent by letter mail.

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Magazine Section.

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CAL., NOV, 3, 1905.

HOME OF WASHINGTON.

HOW WOMEN PAVED THE WAY FOR RESTORATION OF MT. VERNON

Historic Place is Now Exactly as it Looked During the Lifetime of Great Statesman-General – Thousands Visit it Annually.

The bell is tolling, the band playing "Nearer My God to Thee" and the passengers know, even before they raise their eyes to the fair sweep of Virginia's shore line, that the steamer is passing Mount Vernon. A pretty custom—the tolling of the bell and the playing of the fine old hymn. A hush falls on the crowded decks, and one



WASHINGTON AND LAFAYETTE.
From a Painting at Mount Vernon.

feels the thrill of patriotism stirring the hearts of the people.

But do the thousands who annually sail down the Potomac to visit the stately home of George Washington know that to a woman's initiative is due the restoration and preservation of the beautiful Mount Vernon of to-day?

Away back in 1853 this home was in a rapidly deteriorating condition. John Augustine Washington, a son of General Washington's nephew, was the owner of the estate. The descendants of Washington evidently did not inherit the clear business sense of their illustrious ancestor, for in General Washington's time the farm yielded a handsome income. Now the fields were lying untilled and useless, and the house and outbuildings were showing signs of the passing of the years. The glory of that splendid home was departing.

A Woman's Work.

To the great credit of John Augustine Washington it is related that he refused absolutely to consider propositions advanced by private companies and individuals to purchase the estate, to be converted later into a pleasure resort. Think of the desecration—a vaudeville performance on that magnificent stretch of lawn, waiters bearing their burdens of food and drink through those stately halls, the daily uproar of irreverent crowds.

And then came Miss Ann Pamela Cunningham, of South Carolina. She visited Mount Vernon in 1853 and was shocked and grieved at the fate in store for the historic spot. She conceived the plan of rousing the women of her beloved southland to the true state of affairs and enlisting their cooperation in the raising of a fund of $200,000, the price asked for the house, outbuildings, wharfage, garden and some two hundred acres of farmlands.

So she went to work, and it must be remembered that fifty years ago it took no small amount of bravery for a woman to inaugurate and carry on an undertaking of such magnitude. But after five years of effort the whole of the $200,000 was in hand. It was found impracticable to confine the propaganda to the Southern States, so the North was invited to assist, which she did in generous measure.

At the close of 1858 the Mount Vernon estate was purchased and the title passed to the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union.

Freed from Taxation.

A charter was secured from the State of Virginia, granting exemption from taxation, the association in return binding itself to the task of restoring to its original condition and preserving for future generations this home of General George Washington.

In this connection it is interesting to know that during the ten-day annual meet of the Board of Regents in the month of May a banquet is given to the Governor of Virginia. After the feast is ended and the toasts are drunk, the entire association conduct the Governor about the house and grounds, that he may know, by personal observation, that the pact entered into so long ago is being faithfully kept.

It is the custom of the ladies of the association to live at Mount Vernon during the yearly session. At this time the old home wears an air of unwonted gaiety. The kitchen gives out the most appetizing odors, and, stimulated to unusual activity by tales of the old days, the corp of Virginia servants are anxious to show their fitness for the honor of "servin' de ladies." Even the brick oven, a relic of colonial days, is called into use, the beautifully browned bread, pies and cakes attesting its superiority.

Thirty States Represented.

The Mount Vernon Ladies' Association is a most exclusive body. It is composed of a regent, who is president of the association, and a vice-regent from each of the States of the Union. Thirty States are now represented. The women are justly proud of the work that has been and is being accomplished, and so value their places in the council that it has become a custom for the office of vice-regent to descend from mother to daughter or other near relative. When a vacancy occurs in the council the Governor of the State is invited to nominate some prominent woman; but should the name not receive the favorable consideration of the regent and vice-regents no appointment is made until one acceptable to all is proposed.

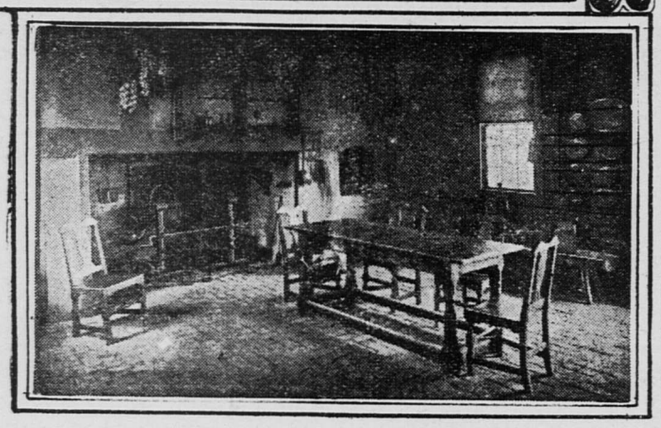
Miss Cunningham, the first regent, lived at Mount Vernon from 1868 to 1873, when she resigned on account of ill health. She died the following year. The present regent is Mrs. Justine Van Rennselaer Townsend, of New York.

During the Civil War, though in the very midst of the conflict, Mount Vernon escaped serious injury. This was mainly due to the heroism of Miss Tracy, the secretary of the association, who took up her abode at Mount Vernon, accompanied by only a few servants. Miss Cunningham, the regent, was prohibited from crossing the military lines and could not join her. For four long years Miss Tracy remained at the lonely home, managing the estate and guarding the buildings.

The plan of the rehabilitation of Mount Vernon, by returning to its rooms the original furnishings, or articles similar in design and construction, is generally understood. But every woman should know and remember that to the loyal, patriotic women of the land belongs the credit of saving from ruin and obliteration the fine old home of the Father of his country.



House in which Washington Lived.



The Kitchen as it was a Hundred Years Ago.



OLD FASHIONED GARDEN AT MOUNT VERNON.

STEM INDUSTRIAL CRASH.

STANDARD OIL MAGNATE PREDICTS CRISIS AND SUGGESTS PALLATIVE MEASURES.

Would Have Nation Begin Work of Vast Internal Improvements. Ex-Premier Meline of France Also Sounds Warning.

J. H. SHANNON.

That the land is the source of all real wealth, has been said by philosophers time out of mind, and now with the urban districts draining from the country much of the flower of its manhood the cry is going up from the lips of legions of wise men, "Back to the Land!" All manner of colonization projects are being devised and tried for the purpose of diverting foreign immigration from the cities to fields and to relieve the pressure of congestion in the over-grown centers. One



J. D. ROCKEFELLER AND HIS NEW WIG.

feature of the ominous flow of people to the cities is the phenomenal development of manufactures. There may come a time when manufactures will so overbalance agriculture that there will not be enough basic wealth produced to afford a profitable market for the factory-made goods. When the industrial situation shall become so unbalanced, a commercial crash of stupendous magnitude must ensue.

As Helpless Babes.

Then the city-trained men who know not how to make bread out of the soil will clamor for work, curse the economic condition of the period, denounce the state, threaten the republic with all sorts of fantastic theories, and there will be acute friction between the few rich and the multitude of poor. Gradually men will drift back to the land and learn to make their living with the plow and reaper and a satisfactory equilibrium between agriculture and manufactures will once more be reached. Before this result is attained, there will be intense suffering. Families that are in comfortable circumstances will know the meaning of misery, and families now affluent will fall into beggary. All this is not a dream. Men of clearest vision see it coming.

Rockefeller's Prophecy of Panic.

It is what Mr. John D. Rockefeller sees when he predicts, as he did in a recent interview "an industrial crisis of world-wide extent and unprecedented severity."

Mr. Rockefeller says the crisis will be brought on by overproduction in all lines. The Standard Oil magnate impends will be precipitated by overproduction of manufactured goods. He says "Consumption must have its bounds, and so with the consumption of manufactured articles. When a man has filled all his requirements in clothes and furniture a mere lowering of prices, which is all that mechanical improvements generally mean nowadays, can no longer attract him. Therefore, when the output is not restrained the market necessarily becomes choked."

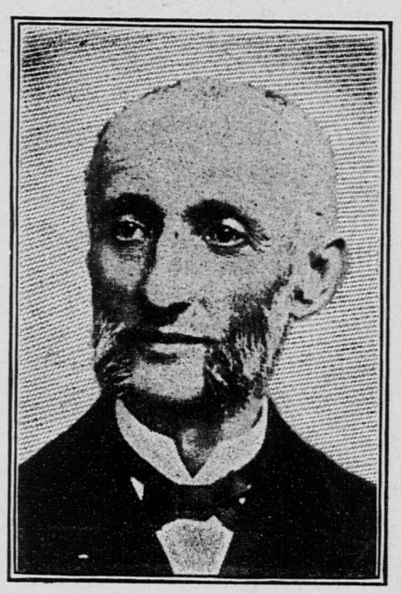
Mr. Rockefeller is specific as to the time when the crash is to occur. It is likely that he errs in this, because predictions as to periods of depression and readjustment are seldom fulfilled as to dates. Crises as a rule come unexpected and the immediate reason is most apt to be due to over-expansion of credit, and overproduction of securities than to actual overproduction of goods; but when to the cause of over-expanded credits is added overproduction of manufactures and a lop-sided industrial system, recovering from the crash is more difficult.

Day of Distress Near.

The richest man in America is positive, however, that the crash will come about 1907—year after next—and so sure is he that the trouble is on its way, that he is already weaving a plan to provide work for those who will be thrown out of employment, and thus ameliorate the panic. He is certain that the number of men who will need help will be about 7,000, 000, and when is added to those men the number of dependents, the total is appalling. Mr. Rockefeller thinks this vast army of unemployed should be set to work by the government on internal improvements, the building of new roads, improvement of old ones, dredging of streams, irrigating land, etc. He says;

Vast Plan of Construction.

"There is enough labor today needed on the public highways to employ all the idle or surplus labor for a century. The improvement of the roads, the dredging streams, and especially of the Mississippi, where annually millions of damage is done by the overflow, the irrigation of arid lands, the preservation of forests and the drainage of the swamps are the great public problems that should be occupying the public mind. Municipal, state and national laws should be enacted now for the building of roads, so that when the industrial storm comes it will not be too late to breast it."



JULES MELINE.

It makes no difference whether Mr. Rockefeller be right or wrong in his forecast of a gathering storm, his plan for the employment of surplus labor is a practical and profitable one and his enumeration of road building, river improvement, irrigation, forest preservation and swamp draining, as the truly great national problems is philosophic. The work needs to be done, and eventually it must be done, if the United States is to progress. Waste is national loss—waste by flood and drought as well as waste by fire. Every acre of land should be made to pay. The government promotes research and experimentation in agriculture, with a view to increasing the effectiveness of tillage; there is no reason why it should not give countenance and support to reclamation of land and the enchancement of the fertility of land already under culture. It is the land—the farm, which is the pedestal of the republic.

There should be no effort to minimize the worth of manufactures—processes that work up the raw products of the earth into serviceable forms. The ores from which are obtained the metals of commerce are as much a product of the land as corn, wheat and cotton—not as primarily important, but quite as necessary to man in his present highly organized social state. It is difficult to draw the line between some of the basic manufactures and agriculture, for the iron furnaces and steel mills build the railroads and bridges which give farmers a short-cut to markets.

French Statesman Also Predicts Panic.

But the point is, that where manufactures develop out of proportion to the growth of agriculture, the world is being turned wrong side up. Mr. Meline in declaring that the overproduction of manufactures will lead to an industrial crash, says; "There is room for everyone under the sun, but on condition of sharing up the good things of the earth, instead of concentrating upon one department of activity."

THE TARIFF PROBLEM.

REVISION AND ANTI-REVISION SENTIMENTS IN WASHINGTON.

Speaker Cannon between Two Fires Question to be a Live One During the Next Session of Congress.

It is rather amusing to those who are on the inside of the political arena in Washington to observe the manner in which discussions of the tariff are conducted throughout the country. In an academic way the theories of the tariff are talked over. But to the men on whom the real work of revising the tariff would devolve there are very different considerations to influence them. They openly declare that the tariff ought to be revised, but they say the danger to business interests would be so great that they fear undertaking it. They insist that a struggle over the schedules would last six months, and that during that time the business interests would be suffering stagnation that would afflict the country very sorely.

This view is scouted by the revisionists as one that has no standing with men who believe in doing things. They claim that if such considerations are to prevail there never could be a revision of the tariff.

So Easy To Revise.

Not long ago the difficulties in agreeing upon changes in the Dingley schedules were illustrated by representatives who called on Speaker Cannon. It happened that one day a prominent Massachusetts member called to impress the speaker with the easy manner in which the tariff might be revised.

"You see," declared the Massachusetts member, "we all make too much over the difficulties in revising the tariff. It would really be very simple. We would only have to put hides, wool and coal on the free list and the country would be practically satisfied. We might do more, but that would really be enough. There could be no difficulty in coming to an agreement on that—merely a matter of a few weeks."

The speaker listened intently as he always does listen to advice. But trailing on the heels of the Massachusetts member came a representative from Illinois who also wanted to revise the tariff. He started in the same as his predecessor. He thought there was altogether too much fuss made over the revision of the tariff. He declared that it would be an easy job.

As Simple as Can Be.

"What would you do with the tariff?" he was asked.

"Why," he replied, "it's as simple as can be. All you have to do is to lower the tariff on woolen goods and to make a big reduction in the shoe schedules. Practically that would satisfy every one, and if you did no more the country would be pleased."

The Illinois representative was informed that he had been preceded by a member from Massachusetts who thought that all that would be necessary would be to put coal, hides and wool on the free list.

"Hides on the free list!" exclaimed the Illinois speaker. "Not while I have the strength to stay here to fight it."

"Now you see what an easy thing it is to revise the tariff," said the speaker.

"If I was God," again remarked the speaker in his quaint style, "I would make some changes in the tariff. I would put them into effect before anybody knew what they were to be made. Then there would be no unsettling of business and at least some people would be happy."

Question an Absorbing One.

What alarms so many prominent protectionists is what they claim is the danger of unsettling the business conditions of the country. The theoretical adjustment of the tariff according to the principles of protection is having very little effect on them. In fact the protectionists do not even care to discuss that phase of the question. A revision of the tariff with the declared purpose to simply lower the schedules they say would have the same effect on the country that they claim would follow an attack on the tariff principles by the free-traders. They claim that merchants would not buy goods when lower tariff rates might still further reduce the price they would have to pay. That conditions lasting six months they fear would upset all business conditions. They say it might mean panic.

But they are likely to have their views very forcibly contested by the tariff revsionists next winter. The revisionists and the men who believe in the principles of reciprocity are banding together to give battle in the halls of Congress. The citadel is now distinctly in the control of the stand patters and it is to be seen what power the revisionists will develop in contesting their ascendancy.



From the Washington Post.

"Ordinarily my experience has been that bears were not greatly flurried when I suddenly came upon them."—Theodore Roosevelt in Scribner's for October.

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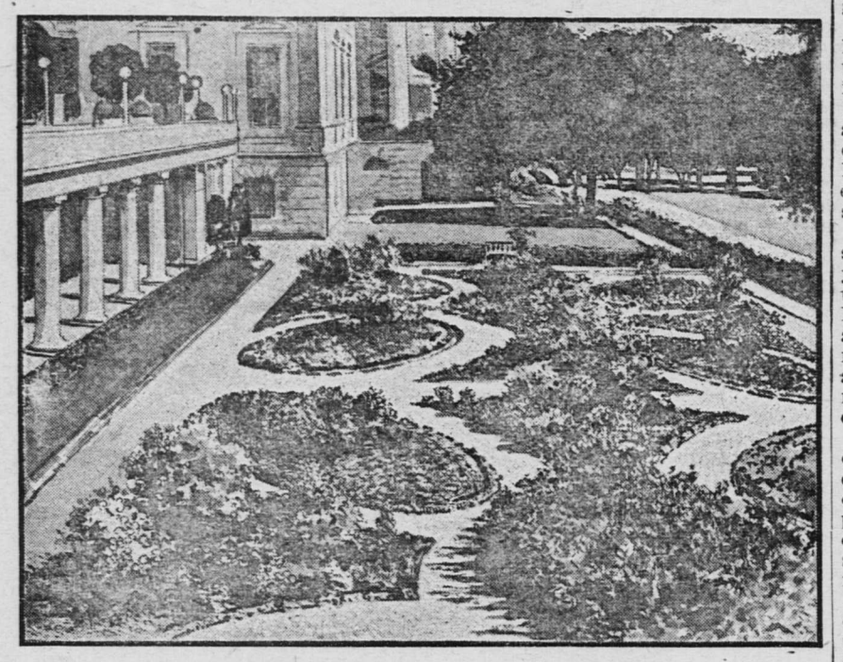
ATTRACTIVE FLOWER BED.

OLD-FASHIONED GARDEN A FAVORITE SPOT OF MRS. ROOSEVELT.

This Corner of the White House Grounds, With Its Blaze of Color, Attracts the Sight-Seer.

Mrs. Roosevelt's Old Fashioned Garden, as the generous collection of posies west of the south veranda of the White House is called, has been a continuous mass of bloom and color during the summer and fall, quite different from any of the other Government flower displays. There are many of these, surrounding the different departmental buildings, those of the Department of Agriculture being particularly elaborate and ornate, but it is the opinion of summer visitors to Washington that the old-time corner of the mistress of the White House is the most pleasing of all. At least it seems to strike the majority of fancies, for it recalls the scenes and times of earlier days. This part of the White House grounds has always been devoted to flowers, but until Mrs. Roosevelt's advent it has been rather given up to the latest fads of horticulture than to a display of the familiar blooms of the old-time flower garden.

The changes in the White House a couple of years ago were officially known as the "restoration," but have, perhaps, been more generally termed the "mutilation." It seemed necessary that something should be done; there was talk of reconstructing the White



A FAVORITE SPOT OF THE PRESIDENT'S WIFE.

House, but the niggardly appropriations made by Congress prevented any extensive change or improvement. There has, however, been nothing but approval for the changes in Mrs. Roosevelt's garden. The location is an ideal one, somewhat sheltered and secluded, and when the President and Mrs. Roosevelt gave the garden party last spring to the International Railway delegates there were many words of praise for the charming effect of the hundreds of climbing roses, displayed in full bloom and fragrance, their vivid coloring contrasting well against the walls of the east and west terraces.

Special Floral Pets.

Particular pets of the President's wife are hardy shrubs and annuals, too, but all of the kind with which men and women who loved flowers a half century ago loved to surround themselves and with each of which for the older generation there lingers some poetic or sentimental fancy. Hollyhocks, jessamine, phlox, dahlias, China asters, lavender, rosemary, columbine, clematis, peonies and smaller shrubs and flowers have contributed generously to the riot of color and bloom which has pervaded this nook during the season.

The mistress of this garden delights to pick up new plants which are yet old, and following her various visits to Arlington, Mount Vernon and other places have come many packages of new favorites to find an unused corner in this old-fashioned garden.

Does Sugar Make Strength?

Various reasons have been assigned for the increase in stature and strength of the modern maiden, who has most certainly grown uncommonly tall and proportionately muscular during the past few years, says an English writer. It cannot be that outdoor sports, gymnastic exercise and so on, have stretched her out and made her as strong as she is, because her brothers have had precisely the same advantages, and they have not developed at the same rate. It seems to me, therefore, that the secret lies in the fact, that of recent years girls have become far greater consumers of sweetmeats than ever were their mothers and grandmothers.

Time was when we should never have dreamt of having sweets on our luncheon, dinner and tea tables. Now it would be quite extraordinary were one not to offer these dainties. And, what is more, women are not merely content to eat sweetmeats at our meals, but they consume them at all times and in all places between meals. It was recently said that boxes of bonbons play a conspicuous part in modern lovemaking, "sweets to the sweet" being apparently the text by which every young man of the day guides himself through the devious paths of courtship.

The great Russian wrestler who is shortly to enter again into contest with the Turk, Madrali, tells us that the more sweet stuff one eats the stronger one grows. Sugar is the secret of strength, he declares.

Only a Portion of Russia.

In order to appreciate the size of Siberia one must imagine the placing of all of the States and Kingdoms, principalities and empires, etc., of Europe, excepting Russia, and all of the United States, including Alaska, in the territory occupied by that portion of Russia, and then would still have a small amount of land uncovered.

In British Columbia as in England the rule of the road is "Keep to the left and you're sure to be right."

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

American System of Public Education Far Less Practical Than That of Germany.

The general public school education of the country is complacently believed by the majority of people to be the best in the world. There are some, however, who insist that much of our education is unpractical and does not fit the youth of the country for the actual hard knocks of life, and that our school system should include a much greater preparation of industrial work.

An examination of German educational methods places the United States at an aparent disadvantage in this regard. An instance of this is seen in a series of newspaper articles published in Frankfort, Germany, by Mr. Heinrich Back, the director of the Frankfort Industrial School, who has been twice sent by the German Government to study the industrial schools of this country. Mr. Back expresses surprise that we have not provided in our school system for training our citizens in special directions, instead of leaving the establishment of trade, industrial and technical schools to the enterprise of individuals or the generosity of philanthropy. The result is that a comparatively small number of these schools are found in certain favored parts of the United States, while in the major portion of the country little opportunity is offered boys to obtain practical and thorough instruction and to increase their value to the nation by converting themselves into trained workmen.

The German Government, on the other hand, maintains in every part of the empire good trade, industrial and technical schools, drilling the youth of the country and sending them out, each an expert or a trained specialist, to play a useful and intelligent part in the great battle of international commerce.

POKER IN THE PHILIPPINES.

One Moro Who Knew the Game

Reports came from time to time from Portsmouth showing that the Oriental envoys and attaches had found a great liking for American ways and manners, and more especially for the true American beverages, cocktails and high balls, and for that little bit of diversion known as poker. On top of these reports came a message from a member of the Taft party in the Philippines that Datto Grande, one of the leading citizens of Bambang, had fallen down before the Sultan of Ganassi in the game of poker. Army officers stationed in the Philippines are stated to have carefully coached the Datto Grande in this game and their estimation of their ability to instruct has had a severe shock, a result of the Datto's losses of his carabaos, wives and raiment, since, it appears, his opponent had never been taught how to play, but had relied upon his untutored skill and the devices known only to the Moros. The next thing we may expect to learn will be that this wily Moro "Ah Sing" has actually taken the uniform from some of our army officers, aye, even those considered adepts at the game.

This news is probably of more interest to the people of our island possession and to the citizens of the United States than is at first implied, for it shows that for cunning and intelligence the Moros show ability to defeat even the skill of highly experienced and practiced American army officers, and, as an exchange remarks, it shows that the Filipinos are, and of right ought to be free and independent.

The Postmaster General's Pants Fitted.

Hoke Smith, Postmaster General during Cleveland's last administration, tells a story of a darky employed at his home who was usually the recipient of all of Mr. Smith's cast-off clothing. Many of the coats, vests and trousers, when cast aside, were of a fine quality and as a result this negro shone in the society of his fellowmen. On one occasion the ex-Postmaster General purchased an elegant pair of trousers from Paris. Somehow, these trousers would not wear out. Mr. Smith would wear them day in and day out, rain or shine, and if apparently soiled a little cleaning up would make them as good as new. Try what he would, the servant could not get the master to cast them away.

One rainy day, Mr. Smith came home from a ride into the country on horseback with his trousers very much the worse for mud and water. "Sambo," he said to his helper, "take this pair of pants out and give them a good cleaning, as I want to wear them tomorrow." Sambo came back in an hour or two, his face sad and gloomy. "Deed Marsa Hoke," he said, "somehow I can't get that thar mud off'n your pants, dey certainly am a sight."

"Try some soap and water, Sam," said Mr. Smith.

"Done tried soap and water, sar."

"Try some gasoline," Mr. Smith replied.

"Done tried gasoline."

"Try turpentine," desperately cried the ex-Postmaster General.

"Done tried turpentine."

"Did you try ammonia?"

"Taint no use to try em on, Marsa Hoke I knows dey'll fit."

GREAT CANALS OF MARS.

RECENT PHOTOGRAPHS ESTABLISH APPARENT ARTIFICIAL CONSTRUCTION.

The Camera's Eye, More Sensitive than the Human Optic, Establishes New Data—Interesting Scientific Discoveries.

Astronomers and scientists in general are deeply interested in the modest announcement made by Professor Percival Lowell and his associates at the Lowell Observatory in Arizona recently that after several partial successes and some complete failures the greater canals of the planet Mars had at last been photographed.

Hitherto the general public has been compelled to accept or to reject the existence of the Martian canals on the word of the stargazing fraternity. But with the accomplishment of the Harvard observers in Arizona everyone will now have an opportunity to see the actual photographs in proof of what has long been considered as more or less of a theory.

While several photographs were taken of the canals some weeks ago, it was not until a few days ago that the solar photographers were ready to announce the complete success of the undertaking. Professor Lowell, in the following account of the achievement, is unreserved in his belief that the Martian canals closely correspond to the familiar waterways of the same general classification on this planet.

Up to the present time human knowledge of Mars has been largely theoretical—the principal facts regarding the planet being that it is 141,500,000 miles from the sun and approximately 47,000,000 miles from earth. The Martian year has 687 days. Mars is 4230 miles in diameter, the earth being 7918, Jupiter 86,500 and the sun 866,400 miles.

"To photograph the canals of Mars," says Professor Lowell, "has for many years been a purpose of the observatory established and maintained by Harvard College in Arizona. The first attempt to meet with an even approximate success was made in 1901, when a more or less satisfactory print was made of the Mare Acidalium, or Lake of Acid.

"Yet, encouraging as that pioneer effort was, no canal could then be detected on the negative with absolute certainty. To-day we can state as positive and final that there are canals on Mars—because the photographs say so, and a photographic negative is nothing if not truthful.

"In my firm belief, it is only a question of time, possibly of months, maybe a few years, when we shall be able to determine the exact nature and probable purpose of the canals of our planetary neighbor. Meanwhile we have a number of excellent negatives which have served to bring us a bit closer to Mars than ever in the past.

"The negatives thoroughly confirm the eye in showing not only the existence of the canals, but reveal them as continuous lines of tens and even hundreds of miles in length. Of course it is yet impossible to say positively whether the Martian canals are of artificial or natural creation, or exactly of what composition is the liquid or molten substance in them. But so far as we can at present conceive they appear as corresponding to our familiar waterways classified under the heading of canals.

Value of Advertising.

Once, beset with pain and trouble,
When the day was dreary and dark,
And I felt most weary sinking
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And your heart with joy is bright.

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All your troubles have been told.

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Advertisements up to date.

A Few Afterthoughts.

The negro who demanded $5,000 from a New York life insurance company is to be prosecuted. This man is evidently unfamiliar with the New York methods. He should have applied for the gift through a syndicate.

A mining engineer in Guadalajara, Mexico, has found a petrified apple, 16 feet underground. This is almost as startling as the seedless apple fake.

There were 137,000 pounds of Mocha and Java coffee imported into the United States in the last six years. It seems strange that during that time grocers throughout the country have sold 3,500,000 pounds of pure Mocha and Java.

A hunting article in Scribners' Magazine, contributed by the President, says, "Ordinarily my experience has been that bears were not flurried when I suddenly came upon them." Surely the President was disguised.

The German who has built a house entirely of cork must be an Irishman.

A clever counterfeit of the ten-dollar "Buffalo" note is being passed in New York. Another indigestible security, only it has the misfortune to be technically illegal.

Hall Caine has concluded that he will not write a novel on American millionaires. He was probably unable to find one who would make a good hero.

One Purman got five years in prison for stealing a bag of wheat. He should have taken the precaution to do his business through the Chicago Stock Exchange.

Columbia University proposes to abolish hazing by expelling the hazers. The Board of Directors are to be congratulated on having thought out a bright idea.

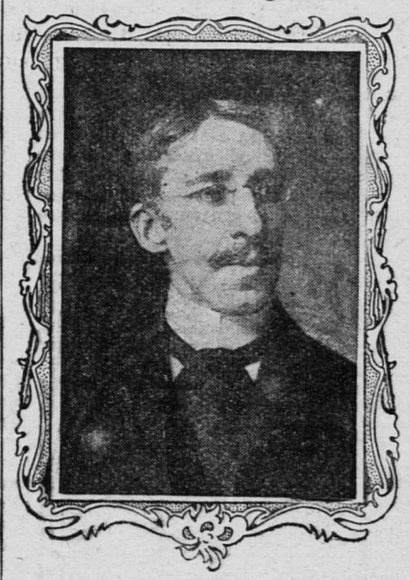
IMPLEMENT MAKERS MEET.

SHOW GREAT EXPANSION OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY TRADE.

Pass Resolutions For Land Law Reform—Against Giving Inter-State Commerce Commission Power to Fix Railroad Rates.

A recent meeting of the National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers at Niagara Falls brought forth a number of interesting and important facts relative to the great progress which has been made in recent years in the making of all classes of farm and working implements and also the great expanse of this class of trade abroad.

Since 1899, when our exports in this line for the first time shot ahead of those of Great Britain, the United States has been easily the heaviest exporter of agricultural implements and machinery in the world. Manufacturers claim, and their efforts to secure foreign markets seem to substantiate it, that exports play a most important part in the successful conduct of agricultural implement manufacturing. The last census puts the annual value of this class of production at $101,000,000, and it is estimated that the present year's production is greater. This



Courtesy Washington Star.
JUDGE PETER S. GROSSCUP.

has grown from $6,000,000 in 1850. The increase in exports, however, has been far greater as we have, one after another, captured foreign markets. In 1870 we exported only a million dollars' worth of foreign implements; in 1900 we were at the $16,000,000 mark, and the high water mark was reached in 1904 with $22,700,000, or over one-fifth of the product.

Much Work Ahead.

The Niagara meeting, however, brought forth the fact that there are many fields as yet unconquered by our implement makers. In sharp contrast with the brilliant success achieved by American harvesting machinery in Russia, American plows are practically unknown in that vast agricultural country. The plows used are mostly German or of local make, while the American types of light, strong plows, capable of doing almost twice the work of the Russian plows, and which have swept everything before them in South Africa and Australia, have thus far, for some reason, failed to gain an entry into Russia.

American Manufacturers Foremost.

It seems that the American implement makers are a progressive set and the secret of their phenomenal success has been in their good organization and the close study they have made of the wants of the foreign peoples. The American manufacturer has made a study of conditions and has thus beaten the Britisher with his "take it or leave it," and the German plan of making an exact imitation of the native or local implement.

The National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers is an influential body and its annual meetings are participated in by some of the heaviest manufacturers in the world. It takes up, in addition to its regular business, the various broad questions of the day as they may have some direct or indirect bearing upon the prosperity of their industries. Among other questions discussed at the recent meeting were the ten-hour labor day, certain phases of the tariff, the parcel post question, ship subsidy, the railroad rate question and the repeal of the land laws. The principal discussion, as noted by the daily reports, centered around the railroad rate and land law questions and parcel post, although there was, of course, no dissention to the view that everything possible should be done to expand foreign trade.

Questions of Legislation.

Judge Grosscup of Chicago, who recently attained fame in his beef trust decision, addressed the association upon the evils which he said would result in case the Interstate Commerce Commission was vested with power to act as both prosecutor and court, as they would if they were given power to fix railroad rates. He took strong ground against all rebates and discriminations and declared that it would be wise to replace the present machinery by a government bureau empowered to investigate all complaints, with a court of transportation to adjudge the various points raised.

Resolutions were adopted embodying this idea.

The association also indorsed the report of President Roosevelt's Public Land Commission, advising the repeal of the Timber and Stone Act and changes in the Desert Land Act, and the Commutation Clause of the Homestead Act to prevent land frauds. The interest of the association in this matter and in the government irrigation work is active, since irrigation and home building on millions of acres of Western lands will furnish an unparalleled market.

The proposed parcel post legislation came in for a scoring as being inimical to independent manufacture and destroyer of the thousands of retail and even wholesale dealers throughout the country with whom the farmers do business directly and tending to further concentrate manufactures in a few great centers, and create monopolies.

SINGULAR INDIANS OF NORTH WEST.

The Marriage Contract a Complicated Document.

Many peculiar customs exist among the Kwakiute Indians who live along the coast of British Columbia. These Indians are divided into numerous tribes or clans, entry into one of which is obtained only through most exacting laws. Marriage among them is considered a purchase which is conducted on sound business principles. But the object sought is not only the woman, but also the right of membership in her clan for the future children of the couple. The privileges of the clan are not given as a present to the son-in-law, but he becomes entitled to them by paying a certain amount of property for his wife. The wife is given to him as a first installment of the return payment. The crest of the clan, its privileges, and a considerable amount of other property besides, are given later on, when the couple have children, and the rate of interest paid by the wife's tribe increases with the number of children. For one child, 200 per cent. of interest is paid; for two or more children, 300 per cent. After the entire payment is made the marriage is annulled, because the wife's father has redeemed his daughter. If she continues to stay with her husband, she does so of her own free will. Oftentimes, however, to avoid complications, the husband makes a new payment to his father-in-law in order to have a claim to his wife.

A RATTLER STORY.

Where a Miss Was as Good as a Mile.

"Being no devotee of hunting, I seldom carried anything but my revolver, while my partner, an enthusiast for any game from bear to poker, great or small, as I was the reverse, seldom stirred from the tent without his double-barrelled shotgun," said the old timer from Nevada.

"As small game was fairly plenty in that part of the Sierras Jim generally took the right-of-way, lest it might be frightened away before he had an opportunity to shoot. This afternoon, however, we were merely going a short distance up the mountain back of our tent to see that our horses had not strayed too far. The gun was taken as a matter of habit, but the prospect of meeting anything for 'Jim' to shoot was so slight that I pushed on ahead and was climbing the steep mountain side, my body inclined far forward with my head naturally but a short distance from the ground.

"A sudden sharp gun shot report roared in my ear, and I felt the wind of the blast as the charge almost grazed my cheek.

"'Devilish careless, Jim,' I said, angrily as I wheeled around. 'Don't make game of your best friends without at least a slight warning, and don't fear but that after such a startling hint I'll always let you take the lead, though not even a chipmunk is in sight.'

"The color rushed from my face and was succeeded by a blush of shame as Jim quietly pointed to the mangled body of a six-foot rattler, whose head had been shattered into a shapeless mass.

"'Well,' said Jim, smiling good naturedly, 'your two heads were about two feet apart. A bit too close, I thought.'"

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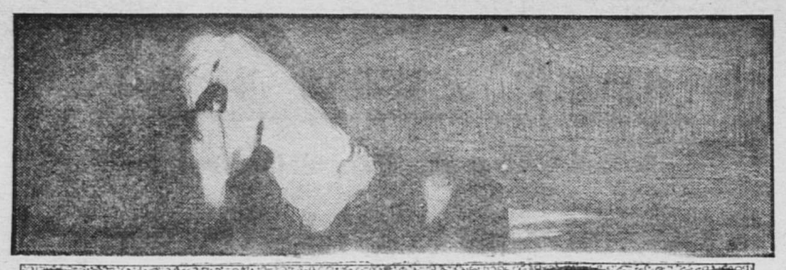
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THE LEGEND OF TAHOE

From Sunset Magazine

By Monette V. McGlashan

Drawings by Xavier Martinez

The old Indian woman glanced furtively at the distant sky line, and then centered her gaze upon the deep crystal waters of the lake. The Ong? she said. I will tell you of the Ong. The Ong was a huge bird, greater than the houses of the white men. Its body was like the eagle's, and its wings were longer than the tallest pines. Its face was that of an Indian, but covered with hard scales, and its feet were webbed. Its nest was deep down in the bottom of the lake out in the center, and out of the nest rushed all of the waters which fill the lake. There are no rivers to feed the lake, only the waters from the Ong's nest. All the waters flow back near the bottom, in great undersweeps, and after passing through the meshes of the nest are sent forth again. Every plant and bird and animal that gets into these under-currents, and sometimes even the great trout are swept into the meshes of the nest and are there held fast to furnish food for the Ong.

He ate everything, he liked everything, but best of all he liked the taste of human flesh. No one ever heard or saw anything of such poor mortals as were drowned in these waters, for their bodies were carried to the Ong's nest and no morsel ever escaped him. Sometimes he would fly about the shores in quest of some child, or woman or hunter, yet he was a great coward, and was never known to attack anyone in camp, or when two or more were together. No arrow could pierce his featners, nor could the strongest spear do more than glance from the scales on his face and legs, yet his craven's heart made him afraid, for his toes had no claws, and his mouth no beak.



THE GREAT ONG.

Late one fall the Washoe Indians were making their final hunt before going to the valleys and leaving the lake locked in its winter snows. The Chief's daughter was sixteen years old, and before leaving the lake he must select the greatest hero in the tribe for her husband, for such had been the custom of Washoe chiefs ever since the tribe came out of the Northland. Fairer than ever Indian maiden had been was this daughter, and every unmarried brave and warrior in the tribe wished that he had performed deeds of greater prowess, that he might be certain of winning the prize. That last night at the lake, around the big council fire, each was to smoke the pipe and recount to the Chief the noblest achievement of his life, and when all were heard, the Chief would choose, and the women join the circle and the wedding take place. For many years the warriors had looked forward to this event and the tribe had become famed because of acts of reckless daring performed by those who hoped to wed the Chief's lovely daughter.

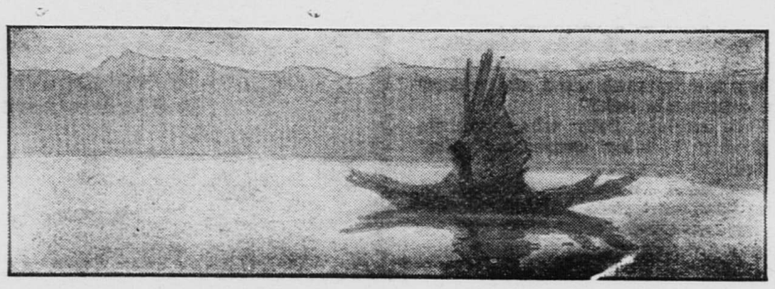
It was the morning of the final day, and much game and great stores of dried trout were packed ready for the journey. All were preparing for the wedding festivities, and the fact that no one knew who would be the bridegroom among all that mighty band of warriors, lent intensest excitement to the event. All were joyous and happy, except the maiden and the handsome young brave to whom she had given her heart. In spite of custom or tradition, her love had long since gone out to one whose feet had been too young to press the war path when last the tribe gave battle to their hereditary foes, the Piutes. He never had done deed of valor, nor could he even claim the right to sit with the warriors around the council fire. All day long he had been sitting alone on the jutting cliffs which overhang the water, far away from the laughter and shouts of the camp, eagerly, prayerfully watching the great lake. Surely the Great Spirit would hear his prayer and give him the moment he longed for, yet he had been here for days and weeks in unavailing prayer and waiting.

The afternoon was well-nigh spent, and the heart of the young brave had grown cold as stone. In his bitter despair he sprang to his feet to defy and curse the Great Spirit to whom he had trusted, but ere he could utter the words his very soul stood still for joy. Slowly rising from the center of the lake, he saw the dreaded Ong. Circling high in the heavens like a vast shapeless thunder-cloud, black as the night the monster swept, now here, now there in search of prey. The young brave stood erect. When the Ong was nearest, he waved his arm to attract its notice. He had not long to wait. With a mighty swoop and an awful rushing noise the bird dashed to earth, and as it swept upward, the young brave was seen by all to be clasped fast in its talons. A great cry of horror arose from the camp, but it was the sweetest note the young brave had ever heard. The bird flew straight up into the sky until it became a mere speck to the enthralled beholders below. When it reached a great height it would drop its prey into the lake and let the current draw it to the nest. Such was its custom, and for this the young Indian had prepared by unwinding from his waist a long buckskin cord, and tying himself firmly to the Ong's legs. The clumsy feet could not grasp him so tightly as to prevent his movements. At last the great toes opened wide, but the Indian did not fall. Again they closed and opened, and the enraged bird thrust down his head to see why his victim refused to fall. In a mighty rage the Ong tried to grasp the man in its mouth, but the strong web between the set bird's toes sheltered him. Again and again the bird tried to use his horrid teeth, and each time his huge body would fall through the air in such twistings and contortions that those who watched below stared in bewilderment. But what the watchers could not see was that every time the huge mouth opened to snap at him, he young brave hurled a handful of poisoned arrow heads into the mouth, and down the big throat, their sharp points cutting deep into the unprotected flesh. The bird tried to dislodge him by rubbing his feet together, but the thong held firm. Now it plunged headlong into the lake, but its feet were tied so that it could not swim, and though it lashed the waters into foam with its great wings and though the man was nearly drowned and exhausted, the poison caused the great bird such agony that it suddenly arose and tried to escape by flying toward the center of the lake. The contest had lasted long, and the darkness crept over the lake, and into the darkness the Ong vanished.

The women had been long in their huts ere the council fire was kindled, and the warriors gravely seated themselves in its circle. The loss of a young brave could not be allowed to interfere with so important an event as the marriage choice, and from most of their minds he had vanished. It was not so very unusual for the Ong to claim a victim, and besides, the youth had been many times warned by his elders that he should not go hunting alone as had been his habit of late.

But while the warriors were working themselves up to a frenzy of eloquence over their bygone deeds of daring, an Indian maiden was paddling a canoe swiftly and silently toward the middle of the lake. Nona, the Chief's daughter, understood no more than the rest why her lover had not been dropped into the lake, nor why the Ong had acted so queerly, but she knew that she could die with her lover. She took her own frail canoe because it was so light and easy to paddle, though it was made for her when a girl, and would scarcely support her weight now. It mattered nothing to her if the water splashed over the sides; it mattered nothing how she reached her lover. She kept saying his name over softly to herself. "Tahoe! My own Tahoe!"

When the council had finished, the old women went to the Chief's hut to bid his daughter come and hear the decision her father was about to render. Their consternation was great, nor did the tribe rest until the rosy dawn tinged the Washoe peake and disclosed to the warriors the vast body of the Ong floating on the waters above its nest, and beside it a tiny, empty canoe. But gently approaching the shore was the strangest craft that ever floated on water. It was one of the Ong's great wings, and the sail was the tip of the other wing! Standing upon it clasped in each others arms, was the young brave Tahoe and the daughter of the chief. In the shouts of the tribe, shouts in which warriors and women and children mingled their voices with that of the great Chief, Tahoe knew that he was the hero, and that Nona was his bride. The decision was rendered, but the Ong's nest still remains, and to this day the drowned never rise in Lake Tahoe.



SIX HUNDRED DOLLAR BILLS.

How An Innocent Man was Suspected.

A little story was told at the New Willard Hotel in Washington the other day by a New Yorker who was traveling on a Pullman car between St. Louis and his home, which goes to show the danger of convicting a man on circumstantial evidence. The principal figure in this incident was not convicted, but had it not been for a fortuitous circumstance it might have gone hard with him.

"It seems that one of the occupants of the car on getting out of his berth to dress missed his vest, which was a rather serious affair, inasmuch as it contained in an inside pocket a roll of money which consisted of six brand-new $100 bills.

"A little later he picked up the garment on the floor, but on searching, the roll of money was gone. It was a clear case of robbery, and the man naturally raised an excited outcry, which drew the attention of all his fellow-travelers. Early in the game the proposition to search everybody in that coach was made and adopted w..h but a single dissenting voice. One man stood out fiercely and indignantly against it, and said that he would never consent to such an indignity, but would oppose it with all the force he could employ.

"This man was at once an object of suspicion, and many whispers directed at him went around. Every other individual aboard voluntarily submitted to being searched, yet nothing was seen of the s olen bills. At this point some amateur Sherlock Holmes cornered the porter, and by adroit questions and threats made that rascally employe own up to the heft, and also made him disgorge $600 in handsome notes that appeared to be right from the Printing Bureau. The owner of the money was overjoyed and all hands congratulated him on recovering his money.

"About this time the obdurate gentleman who had resolutely declined to be searched secured the floor. 'Now, my friends,' said he, 'I will tell you why I risked your suspecting me of the theft,' and what did this man do but go down in his hip pocket and fetch up a roll of money that he counted out in our presence, and, as sure as I am a living man, in this roll there were just six—no more and no less—brand-new bills, each of $100 denomination. Positively there was no way of telling them from the bills that had been recovered. Then we all knew why he had declined to be investigated."

Brief Thanks to the Ladies.

Jonesboro (Ark.) Evening Sun.

The members of the Citizen's Band ask the ladies who gave the supper for the benefit of the band on Wednesday night, August 9, to please accept their sincere thanks. It is the wish of every member that when these good ladies have done all the good deeds here that God would have them do, that they be gathered home to join the heavenly band, where all be joy, happiness, and good music, which all who live as these good ladies have lived shall enjoy, and may the influence of these good ladies ever guide the members of the Citizens' Band to a higher stand of morality and fame, and may we never cease striving until we have reached the topmost round of the ladder of fame, when God, in His wisdom, shall call us home, and when we have played our last tune here on earth, may we be gathered with these good ladies around God's throne, where we can play on God's instruments of gold, where our music will be sweeter, through the ceaseless ages of eternity.

CHICKAMAGUA ANNIVERSARY.

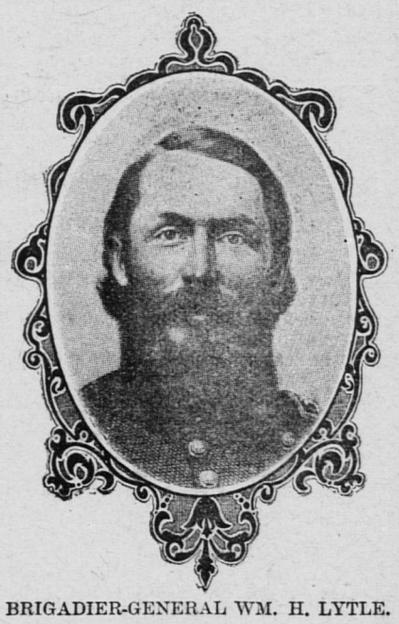
One of the Great Battles of the Rebellion—Tragic Death of Poet-Soldier General Lytle.

Forty-two years ago the latter part of September was fought and won by Rosecrans the great battle of Chickamagua.

Chattanooga, the objective point of the campaign, has been well considered the very gateway of the entire South. Bragg, in command of the Confederate force, was outwitted and outmaneuvred, and the town of Chattanooga fell into Federal hands, entirely by strategy.

Chattanooga was then but a poor, struggling village, never having been even heard of by one in a thousand of those who composed the Northern army. It is now a wealthy, prosperous city of over 60,000 inhabitants and the home of many Northern families. An electric line runs from the city to Chickamagua Park every 30 minutes.

The celebration of the anniversary of the battle, from the 19th to the 23d of September, where the tales of the campfire and the picket line were once more recounted, has been of surprising interest to thousands of old veterans and their quondam foes.



BRIGADIER-GENERAL WM. H. LYTLE.

The battle of Chickamagua, which followed Chattanooga, was most desperately contested on both sides.

Bragg was reinforced by a veteran corps from Virginia, under Longstreet, and Buckner's Corps from East Tennessee, until his forces outnumbered Rosecrans' by over 12,000, and yet the Northern army, by wise and vigorous marching day and night over mountains and through passes, and by the concentration of widely scattered forces, inflicted such terrible losses that Bragg was incapable of any but the most cautious following when Rosecrans fell back to occupy Chattanooga, for which he had been contending.

Among the many brave officers on both sides who gave up their lives for their beloved causes there was none braver, none more mourned than the Union Brigadier-General, Wm. H. Lytle. About to give the order to charge, he was struck in the head by a bullet and fell dying in the arms of his aid.

His poem of "Anthony and Cleopatra," generally believed to have been composed the night before the battle, but which, as a matter of fact, was an earlier production, has been classed as one of the most masterly lyrics in American poetry.

I Am Dying Egypt, Dying.

I am dying Egypt, dying,
Ebbs the crimson life-tide fast,
And the dark, Plutonian shadows
Gather on the evening blast.
Let thine arm, oh! Queen, support me.
Hush thy sobs and bow thine ear,
Hearken to the great heart secrets,
Thou, and thou alone, must hear.

Though my scarred and veteran legions
Bear their eagles high no more,
And my wrecked and shattered galleys
Strew dark Actium's fatal shore;
Though no glittering guards surround me,
Prompt to do their master's will,
I must perish like a Roman—
Die, the great Triumvir still.

Let not Caesar's servile minions
Mock the lion thus laid low;
'Twas no foeman's hand that slew him,
'Twas his own that struck the blow.
Here, then, pillowed on thy bosom,
Ere his star fades quite away,
Him who, drunk with thy caresses,
Madly flung a world away!

Should the base plebeian rabble
Dare assail my fame at Rome,
Where the noble spouse, Octavia,
Weeps within her widowed home;
Seek her—say the Gods have told me,
Altars, Augurs, circling wings,
That her blood with mine commingled,
Yet shall mount the throne of kings.

And for thee, star-eyed Egyptian!
Glorious sorceress of the Nile,
Light the path to stygian honors
With the splendors of thy smile.
Give the Caesar crowns and arches,
Let his brow the laurel twine;
I can scorn the Senate's triumphs,
Triumphing in love like thine.

I am dying Egypt, dying!
Hark! insulting foeman's cry;
They are coming—quick, my falchion!
Let me front them ere I die.
Ah! no more amid the battle
Shall my heart exulting swell;
Isis and Osiris guard thee,
Cleopatra! Rome! farewell!

Nursery Nonsense.

Two magpies sat on a garden rail
As long ago as a week;
And one little magpie wagged his tail
In the other little magpie's beak.
Then doubling like a fist his little claw hard
Said the other "Upon my word,
This is more than flesh and blood can stand
From magpie or other bird."
So they picked and they scratched each other's eyes
Till all that was left on the rail
Was the beak of one of the little magpies,
And the other little magpie's tail.

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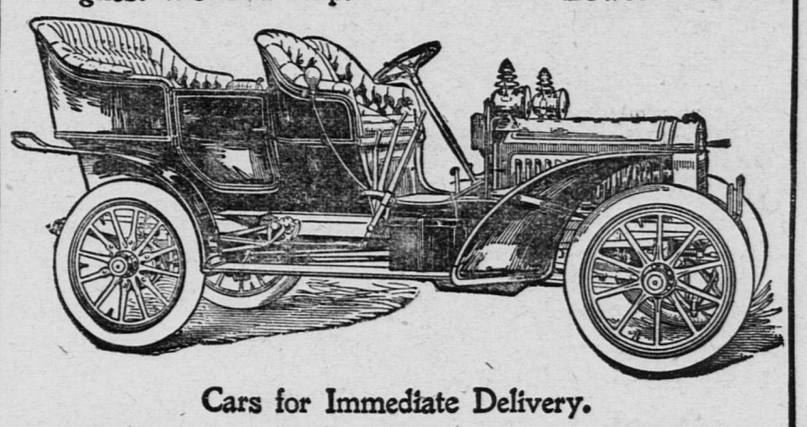
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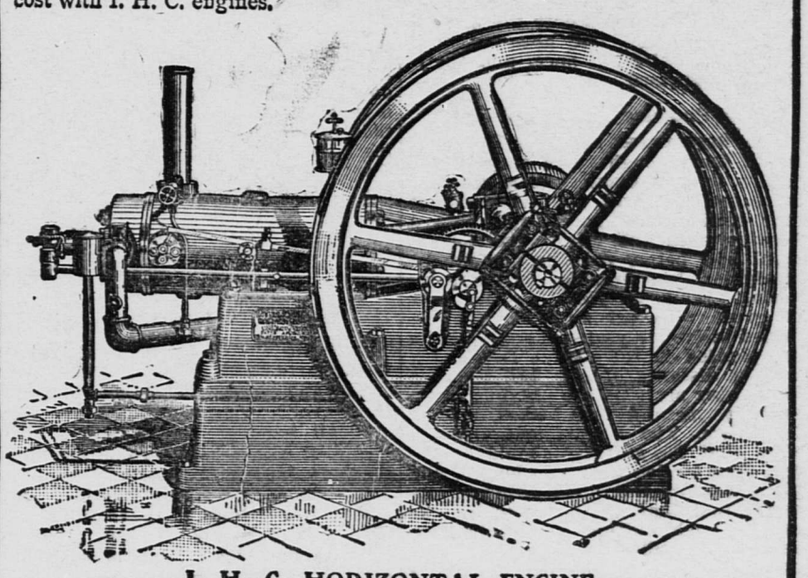


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WRITE FOR GASOLINE ENGINE BOOKLET.

International Harvester Co. of America
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7 Monroe Street Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

Basket-Willow Growing

INDUSTRY BEING FOSTERED BY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

BY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

Secretary Wilson's statement that there are no bad acres in the United States is again brought to light through the efforts of the Department of Agriculture to induce more general attention to the culture of the basket willow. There are very many farms in this country which contain some low land, and through which runs a small stream. This portion of the farm is too often allowed to run to waste, dense growths of weeds and scrub prospering in the rich, moist soil, and the locality rarely visited by the farmer except when in search of some stray cattle which have come down to the brook for a drink.

Although introduced in this country as early as 1840, willow growing in America occurs only in restricted localities throughout a relatively small portion of the country. On account of the isolation of these groups of growers with little or no connection, and because the growers are not in touch with basket makers, there has been little chance for improvement.



American Baskets Made in Richmond, Virginia.



Peeling Green Willow for Basket Work.

While this is not true of the conditions in western New York, the trade there demands only the cheapest grade of the steamed willow. But steam-peeled rods have a dark color, and hence cannot be used for fine baskets.

Willows Grow on Corn Land.

The general idea is that willows will grow only on very swampy ground, but experience shows that all serious attempts made on well-drained soil, even though of poor quality, have been successful. The ground is prepared just the same as it would be for corn or wheat. Willow planting generally is done in the autumn; should be in rows, the sets or cuttings, according to older methods being placed about ten inches in length and planted in the ground until about only an inch and a half protrudes above the ground. Almost without



A WILLOW SWAMP.

exception through the country willows are planted from 9 inches to a foot apart in rows 2½ feet to a yard distant from one another, thus allowing from about 14,000 to 23,000 to the acre. This method of wide planting is followed for several reasons, it of course being cheaper to plant fewer cuttings, and the cost of cultivation being reduced, the wide rows allowing for the use of a plow. It is also understood and held by the higher authorities that the more shoots from a stool or stump, the greater the yield. Where the cuttings have been planted on meadow or corn land, the first year the rows are hoed two or three times, and later run through with a light plow. In later years only the plow is used. On bottomland, however, they are only cultivated once, and therefore only grassed with a sickle.

To Produce Straight Rods.

The Department of Agriculture has found that though there may be objection to close planting on account of increased cost and greater amount of cultivation necessary, both a heavier yield and longer, more even-sized and better rods are obtained—straighter, less branchy, and less tapering. While a yield of four tons of green rods per acre may be obtained in twelve years where the holts are planted in rows three feet apart, with a distance of one foot between holts, over six tons are obtained from an acre planted 29x9 inches, in only ten years. The Department also advises that the cuttings should be not less than twelve inches in length, and planted with the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the ground each cutting should be perfectly perpendicular. When willows are planted close together all weeds and grass, the foes of the willow, should be kept out.

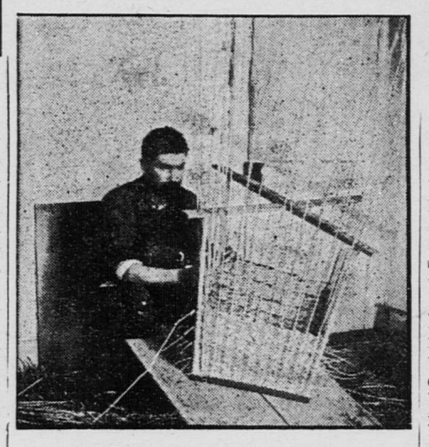
Osiers should be cut the first year, even if no valuable material can be obtained, for if this is delayed until the second year, there is apt to be a tendency to branch, so that less valuable material can be cut. This cutting should be done during the winter, from November 1 to March 1, and as near the ground as possible. The bundles of these cuttings should then be kept in running water until small leaves or sprouts appear, when they will be ready to peel.

Pretty White Willows.

Willows thus peeled are of a fine white color, while those which undergo steaming or boiling for the removal of the bark are of a dark color, being stained by coloring matter contained in the bark; but experience has shown that the articles made of boiled willow are much more durable than those made from the white rods of spring peeling. The operation is so simple that old persons incapable of arduous labor can make fair wages doing this sort of work.

And yet, the farmer may ask, is there a market for willow ware in this country? The United States consumes the largest amount of willow ware of any country in the world. From one district in Germany alone, as far back as 1893, in spite of the panic existing at that time, $230,000 worh of fine willow ware was imported. Since that date, however, the value of willow imports has decreased, due, probably, to the increase of willow growing in this country.

The manufacture of willow is what might be termed a "house industry," in which the men, women and children are engaged in peeling and splitting the rods and weaving the baskets under contract.



MAKING WILLOW HAMPER.

poultry lower this winter than they have been for some time, owing to the heavy grain crops. Fattening cattle on corn at 50 cents a bushel, he said, is not a profitable performance, and that is what the farmer has been doing for the past three years; but with this year's grain crops, the farmer should find at the end of the season that his margin of profit is greater, and in the due course of events, meats should be cheaper.

Big Crops This Year.

Secretary Wilson has returned to Washington from a tour of the Northwest, where he was shown some great crop yields. He expresses it as his belief that the farmers have more money now than ever was theirs before, and that with such full treasure chests there is no danger of an industrial panic. The year's crop of wheat, corn and oats will be larger, according to Mr. Wilson's experienced judgment, than were the big crops of last year. He says that the area capable of raising durum or macaroni wheat is now pushing well into the desert region. The yield of this wheat alone this year, it is believed, will exceed 20,000,000 bushels, a wheat, by the way, which grows where other wheat will not grow and which six years ago was an unknown thing among American growers.

Mr Wilson gives us the pleasing information that housekeepers will find the prices of meat, dairy products and

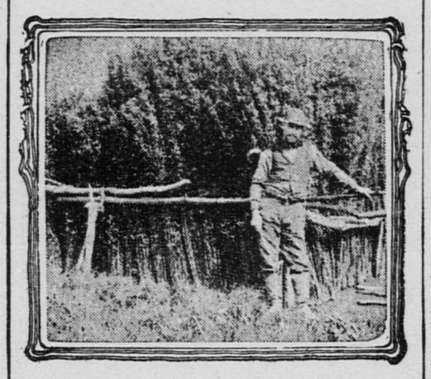
To Make Old-Fashioned Yeast.

Boil two ounces of the best hops in four quarts of water for half an hour: strain and let the liquor cool down to the warmth of new milk, then put in a small handful of salt and half a pound of sugar, beat up one pound of the best flour with some of the liquor and then mix well all together. Let this mixture stand until the third day, then add three pounds of potatoes, boiled and mashed, let it stand a day longer, stirring frequently and keeping it near the fire in an earthen vessel, then strain and put in bottles and it is ready for use. The advantage of this yeast is that it ferments spontaneously not requiring the aid of other yeast. If well cooked and kept in a cool place, it will keep six months or more. It has been thoroughly tested and never fails to make delicious light bread.

Chemist Wiley on Pure Food.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, has just returned from a tour of the British Isles, France and Germany, where he has been studying the preparation of food products—packing, shipping, and human consumption of foods. Dr. Wiley is a pure food man. He believes that we should all have pure food, or at least know what it is adulterated with, and he is one of the most active advocates in the country of national pure food legislation.

"The question of pure food," he said, "is one that should be better understood, and more actively engaged in by people generally. We have secured legislation enabling us to prevent the importation of impure and harmful foods, but the people are apparently careless in regard to domestic manufacture. There is one feature of the pure food investigation



WILLOW IN THE PIT, SPROUTED, READY FOR PEELING.

which appeals to me beyond all others—the effect of impure foods on invalids. People who are under the care of a physician, and are compelled to eat prepared foods should know at least what they are getting. If the foods which they buy as 'pure,' are found upon analysis to contain ingredients which have proven harmful to them, they should have some recourse at law to punish the maker of this fraudulent food. A simple instance is sufficient to illustrate the point. There is at this time a great demand for gluten flours. They are recommended for certain diseases, and there are various preparations on the market which are sold at high prices. Many of the so-called gluten flours contain but a small percentage of pure gluten; they are 'filled' with chalk and starchy substances, and are not at all what is claimed for them. This is one example; a hundred others could be named."

GIANT KANSAS CORN.

Exciting Experiences of Boy Lost In Field of Growing Grain.

A report which seems to have come from the Portland Exposition states that a great object of curiosity there is a corn stalk of mammoth size reaching almost up to the very roof of the agricultural building. The history of the stalk is perhaps as marvelous as the object itself.

It appears that prior to the last hot wave which swept over the country, a farmer in Kansas sent his fifteen-year-old son out to take a look over the corn field and notify him of the prospects. In order to do this the son went to the implement shed which this wise farmer had provided and procured a ladder with which he climbed one of the cornstalks. After surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb down, but in his excitement at the prospects of the golden harvest which



PEELED WILLOWS

his father would reap, he had failed to notice the rapidity of the growth of the stalk which he had ascended. As quickly as he stepped down, so much more rapidly the stalk seemed to grow, and he was no nearer the bottom than when he started.

His father, noting the absence of his son, saw that it would be useless for him to hunt through the jungle of waving corn, so he climbed to the top of his windmill and his anxious eyes beheld his boy waving his red bandana in despair. Hastily summoning his neighbor and his other two sturdy sons, they proceeded with axes to chop down the wicked stalk. Their axes, however, failed to find the same mark twice, so rapidly did the stalk shoot upward. Night came on without their accomplishing anything and the boy was left to what appeared to be a terrible fate. Like most Kansas boys, however, he was awake to all his opportunities, and existed for a long time on the raw corn, having consumed so much that he later notified his parents by means of a message written on one of the dried corn leaves that he was getting so fat there was danger of the stalk breaking with his weight. He wrote that he believed a more balanced ration would relieve his fears, suggesting the planting of beans at the base of the cornstalk as an expedient.

However, before the beans could secure enough growth, the drought came on and stopped the growth of the stalk and the boy was enabled to climb down, thus saving his life. As mementos of the occasion, the lad gathered up the corn cobs which he had thrown down from his lofty seat, amounting to something over four bushels and a peck, and on these he has been working, turning them into corn-cob pipes which he is exhibiting at the Truth Bureau of the Portland Exposition.

Prior to 1789 the Speaker of the House of Commons was paid a salary of 5 pounds a day and a fee of 5 pounds on every private bill passed.

CONTROL OF CANAL MATTERS.

Transfer to the State Department Under Secretary Root.

It seems to be generally accepted that the control of all matters in connection with the construction of the Panama canal is to be transferred from the War Department to the State Department. Under the law the work is to be performed under the direction of the President, and he originally intrusted it to Secretary Taft on the general ground that all national engineering works were properly the business of the War Department. It is now realized that Secretary Taft has a great deal more than his pro-



From Washington Post.

portionate share of the government work and responsibility, and it is with a view of relieving him of a portion of his official burdens that the President suggested the advisability of the transfer of the Panama Canal work to the State Department.

Secretary Root's acceptance of the trust would enable Secretary Taft to devote more of his time to the consideration of important questions affecting the government of the Philippines and the business of the army generally. It is known that Secretary Taft has no personal ambitions in connection with the Panama canal work, and is entirely willing, as a matter of general expediency, that its supervision should be transferred to Secretary Root as the head of the State Department.

Secretary Root, however, with all his ability for hard work, is understood to have no hankering after the canal job.

THE FLOOD OF NOAH.

Geology Proves the Foundation of the Biblical Account.

There are Biblical doubters who scoff at the idea that there ever was a great flood, yet the testimony of the geologists, to say nothing of Ignatius Donnelly's theory of the submerged continent of Atlantas, proves that at one time the entire earth's surface was covered with water. Professor Wright of Oberlin, who has made geology a life study, brings us new light upon the subject. In writing on the subject of the "Contributions of Geology to the Creditability of the Flood" he states that the level of the land changes constantly. The highest mountains were once below the sea-level, as is proven by the finding of sea-shells on the summits of the highest peaks. All of Central Asia was once covered by water and is now drying up. In fact the drying out process has been going on for thousands of years. The Turkestan and Siberian low-lands were once submerged, while evidence is shown that the Desert of Gobi was once a body of water equal to the Mediterranean in size and depth.

The valley of the Jordan in ages back was covered with water to a depth of from 1,000 to 1,400 feet, while changes of level and climate in Asia seem to prove that the Deluge once passed over the entire country.

Uncle Sam's "Conscience Fund."

The conscience fund of the Treasury is not, as is popularly supposed, an idle fund which is added to from time to time, lies dormant, and is never used. Contributions to this so-called fund are turned into the regular government receipts and on the books appear under the heading "To Account Conscience." This account was opened by the United States government in 1811. It would not be fair to infer from this fact that the American conscience had its awakening at so late a date in the country's history, but that year witnessed the first return to the government, as the result of the "still, small voice," of money of which it had been defrauded some time before.

President Madison found on his desk one morning an unsigned letter in which the writer confessed to defrauding the government of $2, for which his conscience had made him suffer sorely. This amount was enclosed with the request that it be turned into the National Treasury, the writer expressing the hope that this full restitution and repentance would restore a clear and easy conscience. Contributions have since been received varying in amounts from a 2-cent postage stamp to ten thousand dollars or more.

Up to date the amount received from those who have defrauded the government and become conscience-stricken is over $400,000.

A Very Accurate Description.

Hon. George S. Legare, a member of Congress from South Carolina and a graduate of a Washington law school, has a sense of humor and enjoys a good joke even at the expense of the members of his profession. He does not uphold the "smart" lawyer and tells of a case in his native city of Charleston where a pettifogging attorney was cross-examining an old negro witness.

After asking the old darkey a number of catch questions in an endeavor to confuse him, he finally asked the witness his occupation.

"I'se a cahpentah, sah."

"What kind of a carpenter?"

"Dey calls me a jack-leg cahpentah."

"What is a 'jack-leg' carpenter?"

"He's a cahpentah what ain't a fust-class cahpentah, sah!"

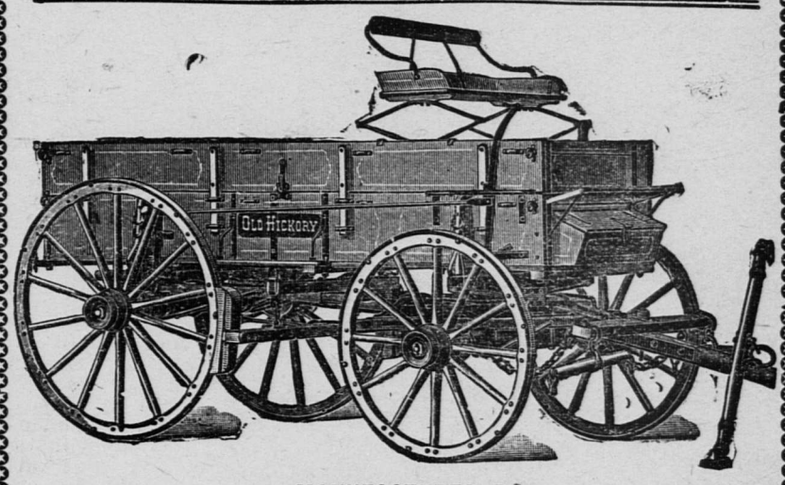
"Well, explain fully what you understand a 'jack-leg' carpenter to be," insisted the lawyer.

"Boss, 'deed Ah claih to goodness Ah dunno how ter 'splain any mo' 'bout a jack-leg cahpentah 'ceptin' hit am jes' de same diffunce as dey is betwix' you an' a fust-class lawyah, sah!"

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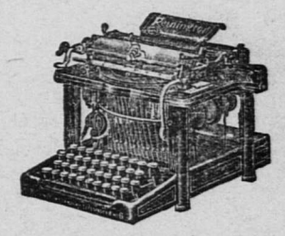


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